#### **CURRICULUM LINKS**

# BIKKIE TIME: Updating an existing unit of work to align with *The New Zealand Curriculum (2007)*

In these Curriculum Links pages, Diana Eagle revisits the Bikkie Time unit and develops a unit plan to align with The New Zealand Curriculum (2007), which she then annotates showing these links and comments on the process.

#### Background to original unit - Big Bikkies

This unit of work was first developed and used in 2003. The unit was never fully planned out into a formally written unit at any time. The basis of the unit was planned around an article about "Cookie Time" resourced from the *North and South* magazine. As the unit was underway the opportunity came up for the class to provide a food stall at "Spring Fever Week" – at that time, a new event in the school calendar.

#### **Teacher experience**

The teacher was new to teaching context specific Food Technology and the new NCEA achievement standards at Level One were being introduced that year. There was the opportunity to deliver this unit, due to assistance given by a consulting food technologist who was contracted to work on an NCEA trial unit with Year 12 (a Sixth Form Certificate class). The consultant was there to provide knowledge and skills to the teacher as much as the students.

#### **Unit Aim**

The aim of this unit was to give the Year 10 students shared experiences and understandings around what needs to be considered in the development of a biscuit outcome for multi-unit batch production as compared to just cooking a batch of biscuits. Students were exposed to new terminology in relation to production processes and quality control checks.

Teaching and learning focuses were:

- To develop skills in biscuit making.
- To develop skills in product analysis.
- To develop testing methods necessary to ensure quality assurance in biscuit making.

- To develop a production process suited to the class environment.
- To use case study material to inform and enhance technological practice.

To do this work as a unit with the whole class rather than individual projects was intentional, not only for management of resources and time, but also to ensure learning was for all students so that each felt involved in the process. As a group they made key decisions together, developing and evaluating the final outcome as a class. The practical tasks were carried out in groups of 3-4 and/or in pairs with the final multi-unit batch production a class effort.

At the end of this unit students were able to market and sell a big cookie product in the school environment although there was unexpected competition from the cafe manager, who lowered the price on the Cookie Time Big Cookie. For this project the class won the Trans Power Neighbourhood Engineers' Award in 2003.

Although this unit of work was never delivered again at this school the unit of work gave the teacher the much needed experience and confidence in delivering a technology programme with a focus on food production and processes. From this unit the teacher was able to make significant changes to the teaching programme at all levels over the next five years and develop a variety of resources to scaffold student learning.

The unit was case studied by Techlink to become one of the first case studies in the area of food. The unit sequence shown in this original case study was compiled from a reflective commentary of the learning activities rather a predetermined written unit plan.

For more information on the original unit of work, see <u>www.techlink.org.nz/Case-</u> studies/Classroom-practice/archive/big-bikkie/index.htm

#### Updating the unit

With the availability of a new Technological Practice resource on Techlink called "Gluten Free cookies" there was an opportunity to update the existing Classroom Practice case study. This resource is based around the case study of the development of the new gluten free cookie developed by the "Cookie Time" company – it has been used within the updated unit of work as the main example of outside technological practice. This case study clearly aligns with all 3 Technology Strands.

For more information on this resource, see <u>www.techlink.org.nz/Case-studies/</u> <u>Technological-practice/Food-and-Biological/Gluten-free-cookies/index.htm</u> The original Techlink unit was selected for use as a PPTA resource to reflect how the "front end" of the 2007 New Zealand Curriculum could align to an existing unit. This developed resource demonstrates the teacher's reflective thinking around how it already aligns with the new curriculum in relation to such things as the principles, values, key competencies and effective pedagogy as well as some mention of the strands of Technology. There are suggestions for modification and the first page of a revised unit planner highlighting the key foci for unit delivery of Learning Links to the "front end" of the curriculum.

For more detail on this resource, see <u>www.ppta.org.nz/index.php/resources/cur-</u> riculum-support/curric-resources/cat\_view/147-curriculum-resources/163-learningareas--subjects/167-technology

#### Final updated unit

The unit was then developed to its final version to align its delivery in the classroom to the 2007 New Zealand Curriculum. This alignment included the consideration of the foci already outlined above and the focus given to the Technology Learning Area to meet Achievement Objectives related to the 3 strands of Technology: Technological Practice, Technological Knowledge and Nature of Technology.

The opportunity was also taken to ensure area specific knowledge and skills in the area of food technology were incorporated into the unit with the support from the "Food Technology Toolbox resource developed in 2007 and now case studied on the Techlink website. The focus for suggested knowledge and skills was sourced from the toolbox at Years 9 and 10.

For more detail on the Food Technology Toolbox, see <u>www.techlink.org.nz/</u> <u>Case-studies/Classroom-practice/Teaching-Practice/cp807-food-technology-toolbox/index.htm</u>

For teachers in the area of food this is a useful unit of work to encourage group and team work as a class or groups. It has a focus on developing a group/ class outcome with specific focus on outcome development for multi-unit batch production. It could include a variety of negotiated outcomes such as packaging and labelling for the product as well as promotion and marketing strategies dependent on the intended use. The unit of work would be enhanced by an authentic need/opportunity such as a sales table at the school gala or a fundraiser product for a school team or group.

#### Suggested approaches to unit delivery

Previous student and teacher experiences will probably dictate the focus for the delivery of this unit; however, as there are specific learning outcomes related to all three strands within the learning area of Technology there are a variety of approaches to the delivery of this unit.

- Delivering the unit as is with a variety of learning experiences encompassing all three strands with the focus of class/team work to deliver a multi-unit batch produced outcome within a 10-week time frame.
- Determining a specific teaching emphasis (and strand/s focus) to sit inside a teaching programme such as:
  - a. Developing student skills in producing quality products with a class wide aim for "product sameness".
  - b. Foster sound technological practice by developing a biscuit outcome for a specific person (stakeholder).
  - c. Focus on the development of a biscuit for health reasons like the gluten free cookie, for example, biscuits lower in fat and sugar.
  - d. Developing knowledge and skills in developing desirable key attributes for an outcome to match the same attributes found in an existing product – a "Me Too" product, for example, the gluten free cookie or another Cookie Time product.
  - Developing strategies (literacy/differentiation/extension for G&T) for students to access knowledge and skills from the case study material; and in turn focus on ways to ensure students can then demonstrate understanding by application to their own practice, for example, developing a gluten free outcome.
- f. Focusing on the development of knowledge and skills and understanding of multi-unit batch production from a teacher/class selected recipe.
   This selected focus could be delivered in smaller time frames and support other parts of a teaching programme and student practice. There are some suggested extension activities to support these different foci.
- 3. This unit could be applied to other food products/contexts such as:
  - The Beef and Lamb Competition the class winner or class selected burger is produced using multi-unit batch production for prepaid orders for



- a lunch staff and or students.
- b. Food-related fundraisers
- c. Frozen meals
- d. Other biscuit types or baking products.
- 4. This unit could be used as an opportunity to participate in:
  - a. Young Enterprise Awards
  - b. Massey Food Challenge

#### Crest Awards

# **BIKKIE TIME: UNIT PLANNER**

Unit Title: Bikkie Time	Year Group: 10	Duration: 10 weeks	
Learning Area: Technology	LEARNING LINKS		
Future Focus: enterprise	Focus on Key Competencies		
Key focus: Food within a Technological System	Relating to others: • Give students the opportunity to work effectively together to develop a quality marketable		
Description of Context	outcome.		
Students, as a class, are given an opportunity to develop a biscuit product for production and possible marketing in the school environment.	<ul> <li>Using language symbols and text: (using liter</li> <li>To encourage reading as a means to gain used to enhance student practice. Give st</li> </ul>	acy strategies) knowledge and skills this with understanding can be udents the opportunity to confidently read and	
Class Description/Students' Past Experiences	developing a system for a multi-unit batch	production process for a biscuit outcome.	
Year 10 Technology class with a food focus.	Participating and contributing:		
Students may have prior experience in:	<ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to feel part of responsibilities: to contribute appropriately</li> </ul>	a common goal; to understand roles and as a group member: to make connections with others	
recipe formulation	and to create opportunities for others in th	e group; to understand that the success and/ or failure	
product analysis	of the outcome will affect everyone involve	∋d.	
<ul> <li>sensory and storage testing</li> </ul>	Focus on Values		
simple flow charts,	Community and participation for the common	good:	
introduction to HACCP	<ul> <li>The whole class should to be involved and final outcome.</li> </ul>	The part of the process and have ownership of the	
simple brief development and evaluation	Integrity:		
use of some planning and reflection tools	<ul> <li>Involving students being responsible, according to activities: during the final manufacturing p</li> </ul>	ountable and act ethically within group/s and class	
Focus on Principles	environment.		
Learning to learn:	Excellence:	noncourse in the face of difficulties in developing a	
Introducing knowledge and skills which can be	<ul> <li>To encourage students to aim high and to quality outcome fit for purpose.</li> </ul>	persevere in the face of difficulties in developing a	
"stored as a toolbox" for future application within student practice and beyond this unit of work	Focus on Pedagogies		
<ul> <li>Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Creating a supportive learning environment:</li> <li>Students learn best when they feel accept members of the learning community.</li> <li>Teaching as inquiry: Focus Inquiry:</li> </ul>	ed and when they are able to be active, visible	
Inclusion:	Establishing a base line and direction to d	etermine what my students have already learned and	
<ul> <li>Students feel included and valued in their individual participation within the group and class environments for a common goal.</li> </ul>	what they need to learn next. Cross Curriculum Links: English, Mathem	natics, Social Sciences	

	Focus on: Context specific skill/ knowledge	Focus on: Component/s of Technology underpinning unit
•	Develop and demonstrate technological knowledge, skills and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological practice and products.	<ul> <li>Technological Practice: Level 5</li> <li>Brief development - develop a class description of the biscuit outcome, including a need or opportunity to address, a conceptual statement, and key attributes defined into performance specifications that reflect authentic stakeholder feedback</li> </ul>
•	Develop knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making. Develop knowledge and skills in testing methods to establish and test desirable attributes - product analysis, sensory and	<ul> <li>Planning for practice - class planning with opportunities to use a variety of planning tools to manage resources and to reflect and revise for ongoing planning at key progress points.</li> </ul>
•	storage and product testing. Develop knowledge and skills in authentic stakeholder consultation, focus group discussions and feedback analysis.	<ul> <li>Outcome development and evaluation - develop a marketable biscuit prototype through idea generation, modelling, stakeholder feedback, and use the information gained to select and develop the biscuit outcome that best addresses the specifications.</li> </ul>
•	Develop and demonstrate safe, hygienic, ethical practices in developing a biscuit outcome	Technological Knowledge: Level 4 and 5
•	Develop and demonstrate knowledge, skills and understandings of HACCP and production processes for food production. Develop, test and carry out a multi-unit batch production process for a biscuit outcome to ensure quality assurance – same quality product every time.	<ul> <li>Technological products - investigate and analyse existing biscuit products to develop understanding that in selecting ingredients performance properties must align with the desired performance specifications for that product. Technological systems - to understand that control mechanisms can work in ways to enhance the fitness for purpose of technological systems by maximising the desired outputs and minimising the undesirable outputs. Also to understand that interfaces between subsystems have an important role in enabling the technological system to work effectively as a whole.</li> </ul>
•	Work together as a class to develop a product which is of a marketable quality through multi-unit batch production.	<ul> <li>Nature of Technology: Level 3</li> <li>Characteristics of Technology - develop understanding of how social and environmental issues impact; and how technological knowledge is validated by the success of an outcome.</li> </ul>

Assessment Strategies focusing on Learning Links	Assessment Criteria focusing on Component/s of Technology	Assessment Strategies
Peer and self assessment related to how students:	Students can: Technological Practice	
<ul> <li>Relate to others</li> <li>Participation and contribution</li> <li>Feel accepted within a supportive learning environment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Establish the specifications for a biscuit outcome based on the nature of the outcome required to address the need or opportunity, and informed by key stakeholder considerations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Portfolio evidence individually detailed specifications provided within developed brief.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Teacher observations</li> <li>Using language symbols and text</li> <li>Community and participation for the common good</li> <li>Integrity</li> <li>Learning to learn</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Planning for practice:</li> <li>Select and use planning tools to identify and record key stages, actions to be undertaken, determine progress review points, and manage resources.</li> <li>Evaluate the fitness for purpose of the final biscuit outcome against the specifications.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Portfolio evidence to show individual reviewing and reflection using planning tools.</li> <li>Portfolio evidence of evaluation of trialled prototype.</li> </ul>
Teacher conversations with class/group/individual To encourage: • Excellence	<ul> <li>Technological Knowledge</li> <li>Technological products:</li> <li>Describe examples related to biscuit making to illustrate how a technological product's fitness for purpose can be/was enhanced by the way a material was shaped.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Response sheet related to Case study snapshot - "Cookie Time 25 years on"</li> </ul>
Unit reflection: Creating a supportive learning environment:	<ul> <li>Explain how processes are controlled to enable the inputs to be transformed to outputs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>HACCP and production flow chart activities</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Did students feel accepted and able to be active, visible members of the learning community?</li> <li>Learning enquiry:</li> <li>What has happened as a result of the teaching and what are the implications for future teaching?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nature of Technology Characteristics of Technology:</li> <li>Describe examples to illustrate how social have influenced the technological practice undertaken.</li> <li>Explain that technological knowledge is evaluated in terms of how effective it is in supporting the cookie outcome to function successfully.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Response sheet evidence related to Gluten Free cookie case study.</li> <li>Response sheet related to Case study snapshot - "Cookie Time 25 years on"</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>Develop understandings of Technological Practice in product development to meet an opportunity in a food context outside the classroom situation.</li> <li>Use an initial plan and other planning tools to record reviews and reflection of technological practice for ongoing planning.</li> <li>Carry out Market Research on existing biscuit products.</li> <li>Carry out Consumer Research with key stakeholders and focus groups.</li> <li>Develop, from this research, specifications which for the intended outcome to address the identified opportunity.</li> <li>Develop skills in biscuit making (using a variety of recipes) in particular: Creaming:</li> <li>What opportunities are there to address? Class teacher selection?</li> <li>Who will be the stakeholders for consultation and feedback? Decided by class or teacher or select opportunity?</li> <li>What type of biscuit will be the class focus to develop for multi- unit batch production?</li> <li>Do students get to choose who they are grouped seated by / work with?</li> </ul>	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	Negotiated Specific Learning Outcomes
<ul> <li>Measuring; Ball forming; Uniform sizing.</li> <li>Develop a biscuit prototype to evaluate against the brief.</li> <li>Gain key stakeholder and focus group (consumer) comments for the developed biscuit's suitability to address the opportunity.</li> <li>Develop knowledge and skills of HACCP, batch production in relation to the importance of sameness, flow sheeting for a production process in multi-unit batch production.</li> <li>Demonstrate knowledge and skills in developing a production process to allow multi-unit batch production of biscuits to occur within the classroom environment.</li> <li>Trial a developed production process in multi-unit batch production to deliver a quality assured outcome.</li> <li>Provide an evaluation to state compliance and deficits of the biscuit prototype against specifications and stakeholder and consumer feedback on its suitability with suggestions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop understandings of Technological Practice in product development to meet an opportunity in a food context outside the classroom situation.</li> <li>Use an initial plan and other planning tools to record reviews and reflection of technological practice for ongoing planning.</li> <li>Carry out Market Research on existing biscuit products.</li> <li>Carry out Consumer Research with key stakeholders and focus groups.</li> <li>Develop, from this research, specifications which for the intended outcome to address the identified opportunity.</li> <li>Develop skills in biscuit making (using a variety of recipes) in particular: Creaming; Measuring; Ball forming; Uniform sizing.</li> <li>Develop a biscuit prototype to evaluate against the brief.</li> <li>Gain key stakeholder and focus group (consumer) comments for the developed biscuit's suitability to address the opportunity.</li> <li>Develop knowledge and skills of HACCP, batch production in relation to the importance of sameness, flow sheeting for a production process in multi-unit batch production.</li> <li>Demonstrate knowledge and skills in developing a production process to allow multi-unit batch production of biscuits to occur within the classroom environment.</li> <li>Trial a developed production process in multi-unit batch production to deliver a quality assured outcome.</li> <li>Provide an evaluation to state compliance and deficits of the biscuit prototype against specifications and stakeholder and consumer feedback on its suitability with suggestions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What opportunities are there to address? Class or teacher selection?</li> <li>Who will be the stakeholders for consultation and feedback? Decided by class or teacher or selected opportunity?</li> <li>What type of biscuit will be the class focus to develop for multi- unit batch production?</li> <li>Do students get to choose who they are grouped / seated by / work with?</li> <li>What class/group roles need to be established?</li> <li>Who will take on which roles in the multi-unit batch production?</li> <li>Do our stakeholders wish us to continue with multi-unit batch manufacture to meet the opportunity?</li> <li>Can we manufacture and market our developed product?</li> <li>Will we implement the final product within intended situation?</li> <li>Will promotion, packaging and labelling be addressed? Who will do this?</li> <li>Can/should/do we need to carry out a cost</li> </ul>

Learning Environment Considerations	Terminology embedded	Terminology of possible context specific
	within component focus	skills and knowledge
Safety Issues	<ul> <li>review and reflection</li> </ul>	
(Refer to MOE Revised Health & Safety Guidelines	<ul> <li>focus group</li> </ul>	Desirable attributes
Food safe practices.)	<ul> <li>functional modelling</li> </ul>	Recipe formulation
<ul> <li>All product and sensory testing is carried out in a way</li> </ul>	outcome	Measuring
they comply to HAACP related to the Food Lab and	evaluation	Creaming
other guidelines related to things such as disassembly	<ul> <li>fitness for purpose</li> </ul>	Forming
and sensory test set up procedures.	<ul> <li>desired performance</li> </ul>	Size uniformity
	specifications	
Storage testing is monitored to ensure biscuit samples		• Product testing - colour testing, storage testing
are safe to eat.	manipulation	
	<ul> <li>forming of materials</li> </ul>	Production process
<ul> <li>Final production system follows the HACCP</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>technological systems</li> </ul>	Multi-unit batch production
established.	<ul> <li>subsystems</li> </ul>	Product sameness
	<ul> <li>properties of subsystems</li> </ul>	Flow sheeting
<ul> <li>The manufactured outcomes are quality assured</li> </ul>	• inputs,	Quality assurance
through established perimeters (including control	outputs	
requirements) within the developed production process	<ul> <li>control mechanisms</li> </ul>	HACCP
for multi-unit batch production of the biscuit outcome.		Identified Hazard
	technological knowledge	Critical control point
• Final presentation, marketing and selling of the product,	societal issues	Monitoring method
within the school environment, follow safe food and	<ul> <li>environmental issues</li> </ul>	Control measure
hygiene practices related to the selling of food		Critical limit
products.		

Possible case study resources:	Possible doc. resources	Possible Additional Resources
<ul> <li>Case study: Gluten Free Cookies - Sourced from the <u>http://www.techlink.org.nz/Case-</u> <u>studies/Technological-practice/Food-</u> <u>and-Biological/Gluten-free-</u> <u>cookies/index.htm</u></li> <li>Case study snapshot: Cookie <u>Time 25 years on doc. Sourced from</u> <u>http://www.scoop.co.nz/stories/BU0802/</u> S00452 htm</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Initial Plan of Action chart.doc</li> <li>Comparing CMP. doc</li> <li>Attributes test doc.</li> <li>Disassembly of food products doc.</li> <li>Results sheet for disassembly of a food product doc.</li> <li>Sensory testing method doc.</li> <li>Sensory descriptors doc.</li> <li>sensory tests - variety.doc</li> <li>Sensory Attributes Testing doc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>"Cookie Time" products</li> <li>Equipment for biscuit making including mixing bowls, flat baking sheets, baking paper, hand-held electric beaters, airtight storage containers</li> <li>Ingredients for biscuit making – consider bulk buying from local foods wholesaler e.g. chocolate chips</li> <li>Biscuit recipe/books</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Video: "Developing New Food Products" – by Classroom Video</li> <li>Video: "Biscuit making" -Mass Production of Food – "Arnott's"</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chocolate chip cookies doc.</li> <li>Chocolate chippies production flow control points doc.</li> <li>HWT - Flow Process.doc (for ice cream)</li> <li>food legislation.doc</li> <li>code of ethics.doc</li> <li>HACCP for food lab.doc</li> <li>HWT - HACCP for lce cream doc</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Internet access for recipe research</li> <li>Colour test charts – local paint store</li> <li>Digital Camera – for product testing and quality assurance control</li> <li>Storage test air-tight containers</li> <li>Labels and pens</li> <li>Safe storage facilities for storage</li> </ul>
Biscuits. – by Classroom Video.	<ul> <li>Cookie Time 25 years on.doc</li> <li>Gluten Free cookie case study - literacy strategy.doc.</li> </ul>	tests

Learning Experiences (Broken into Session Blocks)	Learning Intentions	Resources	Link to Learning outcomes
Introduction to the unit: Bikkie Time Introduce unit of work to the class – introduce unit context related to developing skills and trialling multi-unit batch production interlinked with key competencies and values as we work as a class or in groups to achieve a common goal. Emphasise the aims are to: <ul> <li>work together</li> <li>to relate to others</li> <li>to be inclusive</li> <li>feel part of the process and the development of the outcome.</li> <li>With this information given to the class - appropriate groups could be worked out at this stage, if not already established.</li> </ul> <li>Setting the scene for Food Technology:         <ul> <li>Examine Technological Practice within a food industry example.</li> <li>This is to allow students to become aware that Technological Practice is an actual process followed by food companies when developing new products to meet an opportunity in the market place.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Watch video sequence related to "Uncle Toby's Chewy Muesli Bar" - an overview of Food Technology to give an understanding</li>	<ul> <li>Key Competencies Relating to others; Participating and contributing </li> <li>Values Community and participation for the common good; Integrity; Excellence Pedagogy Creating a supportive learning environment </li> <li>Context specific knowledge and skills Develop technological knowledge, skills and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological practice and products.</li></ul>	White board Video: "Developing New Food Products" -	Do students get to choose who they are grouped / seated by / work with? What class/group roles need to be established? <b>Teacher observations</b> and/ or conversations with class / group / individual - To establish a baseline. Develop understandings of Technological Practice in product development to meet an opportunity in a food context outside the classroom situation.
of Food Technology in practice. Exploratory Work:	Key Competencies	Gluten Free	Develop
the " <u>Gluten Free cookies" case study</u>	Context specific skill/ knowledge	<u>strategy.do</u> c.	Technological Practice in product development
Read the resource- in groups, as a class, individually. Work through question and response sheet related to case study.	Develop technological knowledge, skills and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological	Gluten Free cookies question and response sheet	in a food context outside the classroom situation.
	practice and products. Component/s of Technology Characteristics of Technology		Assessment Strategy Response sheet related to Gluten Free cookie case study.

Exploratory Work Continued: Examine Technological Practice within an industry example using the <u>Cookie Time 25 years on.doc</u> Read the resource- individually /groups/class. Work through question and response sheet related to case study individually.	Key Competencies Using language symbols and text Context specific skill/ knowledge Develop technological knowledge, skills and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological practice and products.	Cookie Time 25 years on.doc "Cookie Time 25 years on" Question and response sheet	Develop understandings of Technological Practice in product development to meet an opportunity in a food context outside the classroom situation.
	Develop knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making. Component/s of Technology Technological products Characteristics of Technology		Assessment Strategy Response sheet related to Case study snapshot - "Cookie Time 25 years on"
<ul> <li>Preplanning: The Big 3 in Technology Practice</li> <li>Discuss food technology and what are the 3 parts to Technological Practice: Technology (product, process, package); Market (competitors, current products); Consumer (stakeholder needs, wants, opportunities)</li> <li>Suggested questions for class to discuss might include:</li> <li>To develop our outcome what do we already know in relation to Technology, Market and Consumer?</li> <li>To develop our outcome what do we need to find out in relation to Technology, Market and Consumer?</li> <li>What tasks / activities may this include?</li> </ul>	Key Competencies Participating and contributing Values Community and participation for the common good	Whiteboard for class discussion and / or paper for group discussions	Develop understandings of Technological Practice in product development to meet an opportunity in a food context outside the classroom situation.
<ul> <li>Planning for Technological Practice</li> <li>Class discussion</li> <li>Give out prepared teacher initial plan of action.</li> <li>Discuss ways the initial plan can be used by each student to record reviews and reflection of technological practice for ongoing planning.</li> </ul>	Values Community and participation for the common good Key Competencies Participating and contributing	Initial Plan of Action chart.doc Templates for planning tools Planning tools ideas created by Individual students.	Use an initial plan and other planning tools to record reviews and reflection of technological practice for ongoing planning.

Ask for suggestions of other planning tools students could use during the project to present evidence of reviews <b>and reflection of technological practice for ongoing planning.</b>			Teacher observations
Give students other planning tool examples and samples that they could use throughout project.			Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence
Planning to be revised and checked out throughout Technological Practice. Key decisions should be noted using individually chosen planning tools.	Component of Technology Planning for practice		
Market Research	Key Competencies Participating and contributing	"Cookie Time" products	Carry out Market Research on existing
Activities will be planned within the initial planning given to students in a basic form. Here are suggested activities:	Context specific skill/ knowledge	Disassembly of food products	biscuit products.
<ul> <li>Carry out a CMP on range of Cookie Time Cookies products – e.g. Gluten free Cookie, Smart Cookie, Rookie Cookie and Big Cookie from Cookie Time.</li> <li>Carry out a disassembly test on each product – related to chocolate chunks per biscuit, texture of biscuit – crumb feel, identification of ingredients within biscuit – e.g. sugar.</li> <li>Carry out a sensory evaluation.</li> <li>Carry out an attribute test on each product.</li> <li>Identify what attributes are common to all.</li> </ul>	Develop technological knowledge, skills and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological practice and products. Develop knowledge and skills in testing methods to establish and test desirable attributes - product analysis, sensory and storage	Results sheet for disassembly of a food product doc. Comparing CMP. doc. Sensory testing method doc.	Describe the attributes of existing products in relation to in the chocolate chip cookie range to develop desirable attributes for the class outcome.
<ul> <li>Make up an attributes test for the four products to identify where each cookie product fits along the continuum line for each attribute.</li> </ul>	and product testing.	<u>Attributes test</u> doc.	
<ul> <li>Within class/group discussions consider whether Cookie Time has been successful in developing cookie products with similar or same attributes they developed for the original "Big Cookie".</li> </ul>	Components of Technology Technological products Technological modelling	Sensory descriptors doc.	
<ul> <li>Colour Testing</li> <li>Match the biscuit product to the most similar colour on the chart.</li> <li>Take a photo of each with a label identifying the product being tested.</li> <li>Evaluate which product best meets "In Specification". Is it the same product the focus group liked the best for its appearance?</li> </ul>		<u>sensory tests -</u> <u>variety.doc.</u> <u>Sensory</u> <u>Attributes</u> <u>Testing doc.</u>	Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence to show individual reviewing and reflection using planning tools.
Encourage students to record how Market Research went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.	Planning for practice	Product Colour Testing chart Labels Digital Camera	

Consumer Research	Key Competencies	Current market	Carry out Consumer
Aim: To get information on consumer consensus and product composition.	Participating and contributing; Relating to others; Using language symbols and text: (using literacy strategies)	biscuits products <u>Sensory</u> <u>descriptors doc.</u>	Research with key stakeholders and focus groups. Who will be the
For focus group discussion and sensory testing.	Values Community and participation for the common good; Integrity	Sensory attributes chart doc.	stakeholders /focus group for consultation and feedback?
Comparison Cookie Time cookies <b>OR</b> other Chocolate chippie biscuits products <b>OR</b> a mixture of BOTH – Other brands may include Griffins, Budget, Farmhouse, and/or brands that make a big cookie product.	<b>Pedagogy</b> Creating a supportive learning environment	<u>sensory tests -</u> <u>variety.doc.</u>	Will promotion, packaging and labelling be addressed?
Within groups discuss the look of the products, packaging and labelling, taste the products, - take photos as you carry out the session – use lead-in questions to direct discussions.	Context specific knowledge and skills Develop knowledge and skills in testing methods to establish and test desirable attributes - product	Develop a response sheet for focus group question lead- in	Teacher observations
Use a selected sensory test method to give students experience carrying out sensory testing.	analysis, sensory and storage and product testing.	Provide photos of activity from	
<ul> <li>Class discussion wrap-up of the focus group activity for feedback analysis:</li> <li>What did you find out from your focus group activity in relation to existing biscuit products?</li> <li>What type of biscuit do they want?</li> <li>What desirable attributes are required for our outcome?</li> </ul>	Develop knowledge and skills in authentic stakeholder consultation, focus group discussions and feedback analysis.	Digital Camera	Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence to show individual reviewing and reflection using planning tools.
Encourage students to record how Consumer Research went.	Components of Technology Technological modelling		
activity. Brief Development	Planning for practice		Develop, from this research, specifications for the intended
As a class write a conceptual statement to address the	Components of Technology		outcome to address the identified opportunity.
Brief has a conceptual statement that "Identifies the target market and purpose of the product (i.e. for school events)."	Brief Development Specifications can be measured and allow evaluation of final prototype or product. Brief will be revised throughout Technological	Folio evidence or class activity work can be used for	Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence of detailed specifications provided within douglaged brief
Individual activity:	Practice when and if necessary through ongoing consultation with	material.	developed brief.

Students to write specifications for the biscuit outcome using the information gathered from the feedback analysis on attributes that these can be general at first and can be refine later as we develop the outcome through prototyping and functional modelling.       representative key stakeholders (focus Group).         Conceptual Development –functional modelling.       Key competencies Relating to others: Using language symbols and text: Using lang				
Information gathered from the feedback analysis on attributes       (Focus Group).       (Focus Group).         required for the biscuit outcome through prototyping and functional modelling.       (Focus Group).       Develop skills biscuit         Conceptual Development –functional modelling.       Key competencies       Equipment of the biscuit outcome through prototyping and functional modelling.       Develop skills biscuit         Review and trial existing recipes.       Carry out the making and trialling of existing recipes in pairs/groups then perform a sensory attributes to each sample in comparison to the class desirable attributes       Key competencies       Equipment for         Suggested practicals could include:       Values       Ingredients for       Discuit making         • Variety of chocolate chippe biscuit recipe       Context specific knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling.       Context specific knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling.         • Variety of chocolate chippie biscuit recipe       Context specific knowledge and skills in recipe to making.       Develop skills in biscuit making.       Discuit making.         Develop skills in biscuit making in particular Measuring.       Creaming. Shaping. Bail forming. Uniform sizing.       Develop and demonstrate safe. hypicine, chical practices in development and evaluation Biscuit making.       Discuit making.       Discuit making.         Develop skills host with exercipe to address the opopruntily and particulas could meduling.       Components	Students to write specifications for the biscuit outcome using the	representative key stakeholders		
Irequired for the biscuit outcome – remind students that these can be general at first and can be refine later as we develop the outcome through prototyping and functional modelling.       Key competencies         Conceptual Development –functional modelling.       Key competencies         Relating to others:       Using language symbols and text; (using literacy strategies)       Develop skills biscuit making         Recipes used will depend on developed conceptual statement and desirable attributes developed from stakeholder feedback.       Values       Equipment for biscuit making         Conceptual for colate chipic biscuit recipe       • Vaniety of chocolate chipic biscuit recipe       Context specific knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making.       Biscuit recipes         • Variety of chocolate chipic biscuit recipe       • Toil house cookies       Biscuit making in particular Measuring.       Biscuit making in particular Measuring.         • Crearing. Shaping. Bail forming. Unitorm sizing.       Develop and demonstrate safe, hyglenic, ethical practoces in developing a biscuit outcome.       Biscuit notelina.         Samples kept sealed in airtight containers for each recipe batch, best meets the desirable attributes to address the opportunity.       Components of Technology       Biscuit coutome.         Samples kept sealed in airtight containers for each recipe batch, best meets the desirable attributes to address the opportunity.       Birief development and evelopment and evelopment and evelopment and eveloping a biscuit outcome.       Asse	information gathered from the feedback analysis on attributes	(Focus Group).		
be general at first and can be refine later as we develop the outcome through prototyping and functional modelling.       Conceptual Development –functional modelling.         Review and trial existing recipes.       Relating to others:       Using language symbols and text:         Carry out the making and functional modelling pairs/groups then perform a sensory attributes test on each sample in comparison to the class desirable attributes       Key competencies       Equipment for biscuit making         Name and desirable attributes eveloped from stakeholder feedback.       Values       Equipment for biscuit making         Suggested practicals could include:       • Variety of chocolate chippie biscuit recipe       Context specific knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling.       Biscuit recipes         • Yariety of chocolate chippie biscuit recipe       • Context specific knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making.       Biscuit recipes         Develop skills in biscuit making in particular Measuring.       Develop skills in technology in generate safe, hygeinc, efficial practices in development and desirable attributes sough class discussion as to biscuit outcome.       Biscuit recipes         Samples kept sealed in airtight containers for each recipe batch, labelied and stored securely for testing next lesson. Samples of each given out to each of the groups for testing attributes       Components of Technology         Samples kept sealed in airtight containers for each recipe batch, labelied and stored securely for testing next lesson.       <	required for the biscuit outcome – remind students that these can			
Curceptual Development –functional modelling.       Key competencies         Review and trial existing recipes.       Relating to others:       Develop skills biscuit         Carry out the making and trialling of existing recipes in pairs/groups then perform a sensory attributes test on each sample in comparison to the class desirable attributes       Nature of the common good; Integrity:       Equipment for biscuit making         Recipes used will depend on developed conceptual statement and desirable attributes developed from stakeholder feedback.       Values       Ingredients for biscuit making         Suggested practicals could include:       • Variety of chocolate chippie biscuit recipe       Context specific knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling; and prototyping related to biscuit making.       Develop knills in biscuit making in particular Measuring.       Develop and demonstrate safe, hygienic, ethical practices in developing a biscuit outcome.       Biscuit recipes         Samples kept sealed in airtight containers for each recipe batch, labelled and stored securely for testing arthbutes comparing to desirable attributes sought. Class discussion as to which best meets the desirable attributes sought. Class discussion on their ideal recipe to address the opportunity.       Components of Technology Technological modelling: Outcome development and evaluation on texes the opportunity.         Brief development and evaluating notes the opportunity.       Pier development and evaluation on found devision on their ideal recipe to address the opportunity.       Street the development and evaluation on texes on syntabithithes in development and evaluation on theace	be general at first and can be refine later as we develop the			
Conceptual Development -functional modelling       Key competencies         Review and trial existing recipes.       Carry out the making and trialing of existing recipes in pairs/groups then perform a sensory attributes test on each sample in comparison to the class desirable attributes       Suggested practicals could include:       Using literacy strategies)       Logewide pairs/literacy strategies)         Values       Using literacy strategies)       Ingredients for biscuit making       Equipment for biscuit making         Values       Community and participation for the common good; integrity; Excellence       Excellence       Context specific knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making.       Develop skills in biscuit making.         4-5 recipes selected with evaluating notes on suitability related to brief. Class decide on 2-3 recipes that best suit the brief. Trial these 2-3 recipes table attributes sought. Class discussion as to brief and astored securely for testing attributes to address the opportunity and why. Present samples to key stakeholders with class' recommendations and reasons why for final decision on their ideal recipe to address the opportunity.       Components of Technology Technological modelling: Outcome development and evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.         Planning practice       Planning practice       Planning practice       Assessment Strategy	outcome through prototyping and functional modelling.			<u> </u>
their ideal recipe to address the opportunity. Brief specifications can be revised if necessary after the final decision has been made. Encourage students to record how Concept Development went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity. Planning practice	outcome through prototyping and functional modelling.         Conceptual Development –functional modelling         Review and trial existing recipes.         Carry out the making and trialling of existing recipes in pairs/groups then perform a sensory attributes test on each sample in comparison to the class desirable attributes         Recipes used will depend on developed conceptual statement and desirable attributes developed from stakeholder feedback.         Suggested practicals could include:         • Variety of chocolate chippie biscuit recipe         • Toll house cookies         • Brownies         Develop skills in biscuit making in particular Measuring, Creaming, Shaping, Ball forming, Uniform sizing.         4-5 recipes selected with evaluating notes on suitability related to brief. Class decide on 2-3 recipes that best suit the brief. Trial these 2-3 recipes again.         Samples kept sealed in airtight containers for each recipe batch, labelled and stored securely for testing next lesson. Samples of each given out to each of the groups for testing attributes comparing to desirable attributes sought. Class discussion as to which best meets the desirable attributes to address the opportunity and why. Present samples to key stakeholders with class' recommendations and reasons why for final decision on	Key competencies Relating to others: Using language symbols and text: (using literacy strategies)ValuesCommunity and participation for the common good; Integrity; ExcellenceContext specific knowledge and skills Develop knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making.Develop and demonstrate safe, hygienic, ethical practices in developing a biscuit outcome.Components of Technology 	Equipment for biscuit making Ingredients for biscuit making <u>Chocolate chip</u> <u>cookies doc.</u> Biscuit recipes	Develop skills biscuit making. Teacher observations - improvement in skills
Brief specifications can be revised if necessary after the final decision has been made.       Assessment Strategy         Encourage students to record how Concept Development went.       Portfolio evidence to show individual reviewing and reflection using planning tools.	their ideal recipe to address the opportunity.			
Encourage students to record how Concept Development went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity. Planning practice	Brief specifications can be revised if necessary after the final decision has been made.			Assassment Strategy
Planning practice using planning tools.	Encourage students to record how Concept Development went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.			Portfolio evidence to show individual reviewing and reflection
		Planning practice		using planning tools.

Technology Research	Key Competencies	Video: "Biscuit making" -Mass	Develop knowledge
Watch the video "Biscuit making" -Mass Production of Food – "Arnott's" Biscuits. The class may need to watch it several times to get all the	Context specific knowledge and skills Develop knowledge, skills and	Production of Food –"Arnott's" Biscuits.	batch production in relation to the importance of sameness, flow
information.	understandings of HACCP and production processes for food		sheeting for a production process in
Suggested activities: Individual or group work	production.		production.
<ul> <li>Identify the stages of production</li> <li>Identify the inputs needed for each stage.</li> </ul>	Components of Technology		
<ul> <li>Identify the outputs desired at each stage.</li> <li>Identify the control points needed – e.g. time temperature, testing.</li> </ul>	Technological systems Technological systems		
Individually or in pair/groups complete the work sheet on ice cream flow process to gain understanding of a flow process.		HWT - Flow Process.doc (for ice	
Using the information identified from the video students are to develop a flow chart similar to the chocolate chippie production flow for this information. This should include control points.		cream)	
Use supporting resources to give students the opportunity to gain some understanding of food legislation and ethics which will impact on control points for food manufacturing.		<u>Chocolate</u> <u>chippies</u> <u>production</u> <u>flow control</u> <u>points doc.</u>	
Use supporting resources to give students the opportunity to gain some understanding of HACCP which will impact on control points for food manufacturing.		Develop a literacy resource to support information from	Teacher observations
Class discussion		food legislation.doc	
Identify the differences between homemade and multi-unit batch production to evaluate the importance of sameness of product related to such things as: creaming thoroughness, colour, size, uniformity, ingredient evenness (e.g. chocolate chips ratio per		And <u>code of</u> <u>ethics.doc</u>	
biscuit) when attempting multi-unit batch production within the class environment. Individual student activity		HACCP for food lab.doc	
Using knowledge and skills students are to develop their own flow process for multi-unit batch production of the final recipe for		HWT - HACCP for Ice cream.doc	Assessment Strategy Individual/pair process flow developed

trialling.			
Suggested Peer assessment activity			Peer and self assessment
• These flow processes could be checked by peer assessment for omissions and or corrections to develop a flow process that the whole class can agree on.	<b>Key Competencies</b> Relating to others; Participating and contributing		
<ul> <li>Each group chooses the one that best reflects a good flow process for multi-unit batch production.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>The teacher could decide which one is used for the final process.</li> </ul>			Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence
Encourage students to record how Technology Research went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.	Planning for practice		
Prototype Development	Key Competencies Relating to others:	Equipment for biscuit making	Trial a developed production process in
Each group makes a batch of biscuits according to developed flow process which may include colour tests, ingredient, time, temperature checks.	Using language symbols and text; Participating and contributing	Ingredients for biscuit making	multi-unit batch production to deliver a quality assured outcome.
It may be important to do this more than once to get the multi- unit batch production process as correct as possible.	Values Community and participation for	Final recipe and multi-unit batch	Teacher
Brief specifications can be revised if necessary after the final decision has been made	Excellence	process	encourage excellence
Encourage students to record how Prototype Development went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.	Context specific knowledge and skills Develop and demonstrate safe, hygienic, ethical practices in developing a biscuit outcome.	Prepared tests e.g. colour chart	Who will take on which roles in the multi-unit batch production?
Presentation of Final Prototype	Develop, test and carry out a multi-unit batch production		prototype to evaluate against the brief.
<u>Class activity</u> Purchase Test - To see if product is consumer suitable to evaluate against brief.	process for a biscuit outcome to ensure quality assurance – same quality product every time.	Develop a	Gain key stakeholder and focus group
Design questions suitable for <b>survey</b> to test suitability of prototype. –to target market /focus groups/key stakeholders. Survey should be written in a simple way with clear questions to gain information.	Work together as a class to develop a product which is of a marketable quality through multi- unit batch production.	survey to suit purchase test questions	(consumer) comments for the developed biscuit's suitability to address the opportunity.

Questions may include: Whether people would buy the cookie? What much would they be prepared to pay for the cookie? Students to carry out surveys using sample biscuits made in multi- unit batch production trial. Gather in survey and analyse them in class. Decision Time	<b>Components of Technology</b> Outcome development and evaluation Technological systems Planning for practice		Do our stakeholders wish us to continue with multi-unit batch manufacture to meet the opportunity? Can we manufacture and market our developed product?
to be made for a school event? Encourage students to record how Presentation of Final Prototype went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.	Planning for practice		Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence
<ul> <li>Evaluation of Trialled Prototype to brief:</li> <li><u>Class and group discussions</u> to develop evaluative statements related:</li> <li>1. To measure against how issue is solved, opportunities met;</li> <li>2. To measure against specifications to evaluate its fitness for purpose;</li> <li>3. To comment on viability of production of to address opportunity;</li> <li>4. To the future of the product.</li> <li>Encourage students to record an individual evaluation to the brief. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.</li> </ul>	Key CompetenciesRelating to others:Participating and contributingValuesCommunity and participation for the common goodComponents of Technology Outcome development and evaluationPlanning for practice	Develop a response sheet for groups to record evaluative comments against the specifications of the brief?	Provide an evaluation to state compliance and deficits of the biscuit prototype against specifications and stakeholder and consumer feedback on its suitability with suggestions made to eliminate deficits. Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence
So Where To From Here? Class discussion on whether to carry on to marketing and selling product or not? Give students the opportunity to fill in a unit assessment.	Will we implement the final product within intended situation?	Develop a unit assessment for students to fill out.	Peer and self assessment Unit reflection

# **BIKKIE TIME: UNIT PLANNER WITH COMMENTARY**

Principles

Values

**Key Competencies** 

Effective Pedagogy

Unit Title: Bikkie Time	Year Group: 10 Duration: I TERM	
Learning Area: Technology	LEARNING LINKS	Diana 1/9/09 5:17 PM
Future Focus: enterprise	Focus on Key Competencies	<b>Comment:</b> For <b>Technology as a Learning Area</b> refer to page 32 NZC.
Key focus: Food within a Technological System	Relating to others:	Diana 1/9/09 5:17 PM
Description of Context	<ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to work ellectively together to develop a quality marketable outcome.</li> </ul>	<b>Comment:</b> Learning Links: The teacher had to decide on what the <b>focus</b> for the
Students, as a class, are given an opportunity to develop a biscuit product for production and possible marketing in the school environment.	<ul> <li>Using language symbols and text: (using literacy strategies)</li> <li>To encourage reading as a means to gain knowledge and skills this with understanding can be used to enhance student practice. Give students the</li> </ul>	unit of work would be in relation to the Learning Links. Since this is a class project with emphasis on working together to develop an quality outcome - it was clear that the <b>foci</b> would be selected from the key competencies. (to support related values and
Class Description/Students' Past Experiences	Introduce students to the use of flow sheeting in developing a system for a multi-unit	underlying principles), that related to working towards a common goal
Year 10 Technology class with a food focus.	batch production process for a biscuit outcome.	The teacher decided that 2 or 3 of each were plenty
Students may have prior experience in:	Participating and contributing:	teacher realised that although all of these should be
recipe formulation	responsibilities; to contribute appropriately as a group member; to make connections	be effective teaching to try to <b>focus</b> on all in one
product analysis	with others and to create opportunities for others in the group; to understand that the	unit. The teacher understood that the f <b>ocus</b> would need
<ul> <li>sensory and storage testing</li> </ul>	success and/ or failure of the outcome will affect everyone involved.	to be given to these learning links within teaching and assessment strategies. Although the teacher
<ul> <li>simple flow charts.</li> </ul>	Focus on Values	had tended to just "tick the box" to show what a unit covered in the past – the teacher realised with a
introduction to HACCP	Community and participation for the common good:	more focused approached there needed to be some thought given to specifically describing these
simple brief development and evaluation	<ul> <li>The whole class should to be involved and feel part of the process and have ownership of the final outcome.</li> </ul>	learning links in relation to the learning
use of some planning and reflection tools	Integrity:	Diana 1/9/09 5:17 PM
Ecoup on Bringinia	Involving students being responsible, accountable and act ethically within group/s and	<b>Comment:</b> For <b>future focus</b> refer to page 39.
Focus on Frincipies	class activities; during the final manufacturing process; and within the stakeholder/	Diana 1/9/09 5:52 PM
Learning to learn:	Excellence:	12.
<ul> <li>Introducing knowledge and skills which can be "stored as a toolbox" for future application within student practice and beyond the unit of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To encourage students to aim high and to persevere in the face of difficulties in developing a quality outcome fit for purpose.</li> </ul>	Learning experiences should be developed to provide opportunity for students to use and enhance these competencies in their work.
work.	Focus on Pedagogies	Diana 1/9/09 5:53 PM
Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.	<ul> <li>Creating a supportive learning environment:</li> <li>Students learn best when they feel accepted and when they are able to be active, visible members of the learning community.</li> </ul>	<b>Comment:</b> For values refer to page 10. Learning experiences should be developed to provide opportunity for students to explore and enhance these values in their work.
	Teaching as inquiry: Focus Inquiry:	Diana 1/9/09 5:17 PM
Inclusion.	learned and what they need to learn next.	Diana 1/9/09 5:52 PM
individual participation within the group and		Comment: For effective pedagogy refer to page
class environments for a common goal.		34 and 35. These selected pedagogies are to ensure teaching
Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge Negotiated Outcomes	approaches taken have a positive impact on student learning; and the teacher can inquire into the impact of the teaching on the students.

Assessment Strategies

Extension Activities (G&T)

The Food Technology Toolbox

Literacy Strategies

Technological Practice (CoT)

Nature of Technology (CoT)

Technological Knowledge (CoT)

Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes

### BIKKIE TIME – Updating an existing unit of work to align with The New Zealand Curriculum

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Dialia	1/9/09	<b>0</b> . $1$	

	Focus on: Context specific skill/ knowledge	Focus on: Component/s of Technology underpinning unit	<b>Comment:</b> Context Specific skill/knowledge: The teacher thought about the skills and knowledge that were needed to support the unit of work. As
•	Develop technological knowledge, skills and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological practice and products. <sup>1</sup>	<ul> <li>Technological Practice: Level 5</li> <li>Brief development - develop a class description of the biscuit outcome, including a need or opportunity to address, a conceptual statement, and key attributes defined into performance specifications that reflect authentic stakeholder feedback.</li> </ul>	this is a class activity the teacher recognised the need to use this unit to introduce and develop specific class wide knowledge, skills and understandings that could then be further built on in units of work focusing on individually developed outcomes.
•	Develop knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making.	<ul> <li>Planning for practice - class planning with opportunities to use a variety of planning tools to manage resources and to reflect and revise for ongoing planning at key progress points.</li> </ul>	<b>Comment:</b> Components of Technology: The teacher decided to look at the 3 strands to see where the existing unit of work aligned with the NZC. This allowed the teacher to work out where the element used by a cosh strand. The
•	Develop knowledge and skills in <mark>testing methods</mark> to establish and test desirable attributes - product analysis, sensory and storage and product testing.	<ul> <li>Outcome development and evaluation - develop a marketable biscuit prototype through idea generation, modelling, stakeholder feedback, and use the information gained to select and develop the biscuit outcome that best addresses the specifications.</li> </ul>	class level would be almed for each strand. The teacher realised that -"One size would not fit all" – meaning that the level for each strand had to be determined by student prior knowledge and experiences. Just because it has been considered that Level 5 aligns with Year 10 student achievement did not mean that the these Year 10 students would be able
•	Develop knowledge and skills in authentic stakeholder consultation, focus group discussions and feedback analysis	<ul> <li>Technological Knowledge: Level 4 and 5</li> <li>Technological modelling - use of testing procedures and prototyping for ongoing refinement of biscuit outcome and to ensure its suitability for multi unit production</li> </ul>	to taught at this level. Technological Knowledge covers some AOs from Level 4 and 5 while the Nature of Technolog [1] Diana 1/9/09 5:16 PM
•	Develop safe, hygienic, ethical practices in developing a biscuit outcome.	<ul> <li>Technological products - investigate and analyse existing biscuit products to develop understanding that in selecting ingredients performance properties must align with the desired performance specifications for that product.</li> </ul>	<b>Comment:</b> Technological Practice: Although the opportunity is class driven the focus will be to encourage individual students to develop specifications for brief development.
•	Develop knowledge, skills and understandings of HACCP and production processes for food production.	<ul> <li>Technological systems - to understand that control mechanisms can work in ways to enhance the fitness for purpose of technological systems by maximising the desired outputs and minimising the undesirable outputs. Also to understand that interfaces between subsystems have an important role in enabling the technological system to work effectively as a whole</li> </ul>	Diana 1/9/09 5:16 PM Comment: Technological Knowledge: To develop desirable key attributes for this analysing existing products was considered important. However, the main focus for this unit is the development of an outcome for multi-unit batch production.
	production process for a biscuit outcome to ensure quality assurance – same quality	Nature of Technology: Level 3	Diana 1/9/09 5:51 PM Comment: Nature of Technology: The teacher saw this class activity as a valuable opportunity to
•	Work together as a class to develop a	<ul> <li>Characteristics of Technology - develop understanding of how social and environmental issues impact; and how technological knowledge is validated by</li> </ul>	introduce case study material to develop knowledge and understandings from outside technological practice. The focus for this is the "Gluten Free cookie" case study.
	through multi-unit batch production.	<ul> <li>Characteristics of Technological Outcomes - develop understanding of meeting fitness for purpose through clearly defined physical nature and functional nature requirements.</li> </ul>	Diana 1/9/09 5:56 PM <b>Comment:</b> Characteristics of Technological <b>Outcomes:</b> The teacher also recognised that there may be teaching and learning opportunities related to
			defining and identifying the terms – physical nature and functional nature. Diana 11/8/09 9:09 AM
	<sup>1</sup> <b>Bold</b> indicates unit focus.		<b>Comment:</b> The teacher realised that some of the CoTs and context specific knowledge and skills interrelated. This is colour highlighted to show how.

Negotiated Outcomes

Assessment Strategies

Extension Activities (G&T)

The Food Technology Toolbox

Literacy Strategies

Context Specific Skill/Knowledge

Technological Knowledge (CoT)

Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes

Technological Practice (CoT)

Nature of Technology (CoT)

Technology Learning Area

Key Competencies

Effective Pedagogy

Principles

Values

Learning Environment Considerations	Terminology embedded within component focus	Terminology of possible context specific skills and knowledge	Diana 1/9/09 5:53 PM
<ul> <li>Safety Issues (Refer to MOE Revised Health &amp; Safety Guidelines Food safe practices.)</li> <li>HACCP in the food lab is necessary with larger</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Brief Development:</li> <li>brief, opportunity, conceptual statement, key attributes, specifications, stakeholder, focus group</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3 parts to Technological Practice: Technology, Market and Consumer</li> <li>CMPS – Comparing market products - disassembly</li> <li>Sensory testing – hedonic scale,</li> </ul>	<b>Comment:</b> Learning Environment Considerations: Although the teacher has considered all safety considerations which appear in other unit /programme planning in the past the teacher decided to identify specific issues related to unit delivery. These are in bold.
<ul> <li>class numbers - 24 is an optimum number to work within the constraints of the room and resources available. (HACCP for food lab doc.)</li> <li>Students should show a responsible and proactive manner in the way they comply to HACCP related.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Planning for practice:</li> <li>key stages, resources, planning tools, review, reflection</li> <li>Outcome development and evaluation:</li> <li>functional modelling, outcome.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ranking test, attribute testing, sensory analysis</li> <li>Desirable attributes</li> <li>Recipe formulation</li> <li>Measuring</li> <li>Creaming</li> </ul>	Diana 1/9/09 5:53 PM Comment: Terminology embedded with component focus: There is a lot of terminology for unit focus because of the need to introduce new terms in relation to Technological systems.
<ul> <li>No students participate in practical tasks without the appropriate footwear.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluation, fitness for purpose</li> <li>Technological modelling:</li> <li>functional modelling, prototyping, testing procedures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Forming</li> <li>Size uniformity</li> <li>Product testing - colour testing, storage testing</li> <li>Viability</li> </ul>	Note down key words that students should be familiar with by the end of this unit in relation to the identified components. Learning experiences should be developed to provide opportunity for students to explore these terms and employ them in their work.
• All product and sensory testing is carried out in a way they comply to HAACP related to the Food Lab and other guidelines related to things such as disassembly and sensory test	<ul> <li>Technological products:</li> <li>desired performance specifications, manipulation, forming of materials</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Production system</li> <li>Multi-unit batch production</li> <li>Product sameness</li> <li>Flow sheeting</li> </ul>	<b>Comment:</b> Terminology of possible context specific skills and knowledge: The teacher identified what terminology may be used within unit delivery and then considered what terminology would be the focus.
<ul> <li>set up procedures. <sup>1</sup></li> <li>Storage testing is monitored to ensure biscuit samples are safe to eat.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Technological systems:</li> <li>technological systems, subsystems, properties of subsystems, inputs, outputs, control mechanisms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sub setting</li> <li>Inputs</li> <li>Outputs</li> <li>Quality assurance</li> <li>HACCP</li> </ul>	Diana 1/9/09 5:23 PM <b>Comment:</b> Red highlight links to Learning Link – Values. Diana 1/9/09 5:45 PM <b>Comment:</b> Bright Yellow highlight links to
<ul> <li>Final production system follows the HACCP established.</li> <li>The manufactured outcomes are quality</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Characteristics of Technology:</li> <li>technological knowledge, societal issues, environmental issues</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identified Hazard</li> <li>Critical control point</li> <li>Monitoring method</li> <li>Control measure</li> </ul>	Context specific knowledge and skills. Diana 1/9/09 5:24 PM Comment: Shades of Blue highlights link to Components of Technology (CoTs)
assured through established perimeters (including control requirements) within the developed production process for multi-unit batch production of the biscuit outcome.	Characteristics of Technological Outcomes: • physical nature, functional nature	Critical limit     Marketing/promotion     Saleability     Cost Analysis	Diapa 1/9/09 5:23 PM
<ul> <li>Final presentation, marketing and selling of the product, within the school environment, follow safe food and hygiene practices related to the selling of food products.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Labelling</li> <li>Packaging</li> </ul>	<b>Comment:</b> Green highlight links to Negotiated Learning Outcomes.

<sup>1</sup> Safety issues and terminology in **bold** indicate unit focus.

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.techlink.org.nz/Case-studies/Classroom-practice/archive/big-bikkie
Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox	Materials produced for Techlink by Diana Eagle Page 19/30

# BIKKIE TIME – Updating an existing unit of work to align with The New Zealand Curriculum

Possible case study resources:	Possible doc. resources	Possible Additional Resources	Diana 1/9/09 5:42 PM
			Comment: Resources:
Case study: Gluten Free Cookies - Sourced	Initial Plan of Action chart doc		This is an extensive list of resources. The resources
from the http://www.techlink.org.nz/Case-		"Cookie Time" products	in bold are resources aid the delivery of learning
studies/Technological-practice/Food-and-	Comparing CMP, doc		experiences for the focus of the unit.
Biological/Gluten-free-cookies/index.htm - strongly	Attributes test doc	Equipment for biscuit making including	
recommended for wide use as a Food Technology	Disassembly of food products doc	mixing bowls, flat baking sheets	
resource.	Bosults shoet for disassembly of a food	haking paper, hand hold electric	
	Product dee	baking paper, nand-neid electric	Diana 1/9/09 5:44 PM
Gluten Free cookie case study - literacy	<ul> <li>Sensory testing method dee</li> </ul>	beaters, airtight storage containers	<b>Comment:</b> The brown highlight links to possible
strategy.doc - could be used as a homework activity to	Sensory descriptors doe	<ul> <li>Ingradianta far biaguit making</li> </ul>	literacy strategies that could be used within unit
allow students the opportunity to become familiar with	Sensory tests, variaty das	Ingredients for biscuit making –	denvery.
the case study – attempt to be student friendly.	Sensory lesis - variety.doc		
	Sensory Attributes Testing doc.	wholesaler e.g. chocolate chips	
Case study snapshot: Cookie Time 25 years On	Observatore altimate de s		
doc. Sourced from	Chocolate chip cookles doc.	Biscuit recipe/books	
http://www.scoop.co.nz/stories/BU0802/S00152.htm	Observictor altimatica ana duratica flavo	<ul> <li>Internet access for recipe research</li> </ul>	
-see learning experiences for strategies for use.	Chocolate chipples production flow		
	control points doc.	Colour test charts – local paint store	
Video: "Developing New Food Products"	• HWT - Flow Process.doc (for ice cream)	<ul> <li>Digital Camera – for product testing</li> </ul>	
- Follow the concept to marketing of a	· · · · · · · · ·	and quality assurance control	
reduced fat muesli bar	food legislation.doc	Storage test air-tight containers	
Plenty of scope for extension activities - Produced by	code of ethics.doc	Labels and pens	
classroom video- strongly recommended for wide use		Safe storage facilities for storage tests	
A Video: "Biscuit making" Mass Production of	HACCP for food lab.doc		
Food -"Arnott's" Biscuite	HWT - HACCP for Ice cream.doc		
Commontary outlines how bisquite are formed		<ul> <li>Video player</li> </ul>	
- Commentary outlines now discuts are formed,	Extension Activity Resources		
shaped, baked and hygienically packaged on the	<ul> <li>Muesli bar Toolbox Activity.doc for</li> </ul>	• Packaging development software e.g.	
a product tosted for contamination. It goes on to	extension activities	http://sketchup.google.com/	
look at the development of a new product in the	<ul> <li>Cookie Toolbox Activity.doc for extension</li> </ul>		
nilot plant including testing and market research	activities	Labelling programme e.g.	
Produced by Classroom Video - strongly recommended	<ul> <li>Cookie Time 25 years on.doc</li> </ul>	http://www.xyris.com.au/labelling/defa	
for wide use as a Food Technology resource	Gluten Free cookie case study - literacy	<u>ult.htm</u>	
	strategy.doc		
Search "YouTube" for mass production video clips:	Links to other Resources	<u>http://www.futureintech.org.nz</u>	
for example:			
Good manufacturing practices	Food Technology Toolbox		Diana 1/9/09 5:44 PM
- Good resource for developing Production process	http://www.techlink.org.nz/Case-		<b>Comment:</b> The purple highlight links to the
and HACCP	studies/Classroom-practice/Teaching-		Food Technology Toolbox.
http://www.youtube.com/watch?y=4wTIP-a2-	Practice/cp807-food-technology-		
sw&feature=related	toolbox/index.htm		
Swortoature Telatou			

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Unit preparation: getting ready to deliver unit:       Students can:       Link:       Link:         Focusing inquiry:       Establishing a base line and direction to determine what my students have aiready learned and what they need to learn next. What is important and worthwhile spending times on given where my students are at - what adaptions should 1 make, what should be my teaching focus within this context?       Portfolio evidence of class identified opportunity and final conceptual statement that justifies the nature of the biscuit outcome and why the high the biscuit outcome should be developed.       Portfolio evidence of detailed conceptual statement that justifies the nature of the outcome and why the high the biscuit outcome should be developed.       Establish the specifications for a biscuit outcome and why the high the canning troute the class interest including interacy strategies) are most likely to help my students learn?       Portfolio evidence of class identified opportunity and individually developed brief, and informed by key stakeholder considerations.1       Portfolio evidence of biscuit outcome and why the members of the class?         Unit progress: delivering the unit – how is it going?       Planning for practice:       Students cans. the teaching and what are the majications for future unit teaching? How are the classing outcomes are not working? Not feasible? Losing student interest?       Portfolio evidence of evaluate the fitness for purpose of the final biscuit outcome against the specifications.       Portfolio evidence of evaluate of trial abiscuit prototype of the outcome.         • What are henegotiated learning outcomes have with the acting?       As a class, produce and trial a biscuit outcome against the specifications.       Port	essment Strategies focusing on Learning Links	Diana 1/9/09 5:25 PM Comment: Assessment Strategies for Learning
Technological Knowledge         Learning to learn:         • Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.         • Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.         • Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.         • Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.         • Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.         • Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.         • Technological products:	eparation: getting ready to deliver unit: ng inquiry: blishing a base line and direction to determine what my ents have already learned and what they need to learn . What is important and worthwhile spending time on n where my students are at – what adaptions should I e, what should be my teaching focus within this context? ng inquiry: t strategies (including literacy strategies) are most likely lp my students learn? ogress: delivering the unit – how is it going? g a supportive learning environment: I creating an environment for students to feel accepted to be active, visible members of the class? ng enquiry: t has happened as a result of the teaching and what are nplications for future unit teaching? How are the /groups/ individual students responding? Is there thing I need to change? Do I need to change the ing focus? What predetermined learning outcomes are orking? Not feasible? Losing student interest? oading student learning? Time left? are the negotiated learning outcomes that will be dered? Will they be feasible? Are they necessary for ent learning? Do they spark student interest? Time left? are the next steps for learning? How do I retain student est/learning? In the learning? In t	<ul> <li>Connection resistancies of a targets for Learning Links:</li> <li>In the development of this unit the teacher was aware that the Learning Links were integral to unit planning, delivery and reflection.</li> <li>This is a brainstorm of questions the teacher thought about.</li> <li>Diana 1/9/09 5:25 PM</li> <li>Comment: Assessment Criteria:</li> <li>The teacher used the indicators of progression to identify assessment criteria. The teacher tried to identify assessment criteria. The teacher tried to indicators were identified for individual student assessment – these are in bold.</li> <li>Diana 1/9/09 5:25 PM</li> <li>Comment: Assessment Strategies</li> <li>Diana 1/9/09 5:25 PM</li> <li>Comment: Assessment Strategies.</li> <li>As the unit is a class activity the teacher found the assessment strategies difficult to identify until the learning experiences were more clearly outlined. As these were developed this column was added showing alignment with the Assessment Criteria.</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> **Bold** indicates unit focus for Assessment Criteria for individual student assessment. <sup>2</sup> *Italics* indicate teaching opportunities within learning experiences, extension activities and class discussions.

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.techlink.org.nz/Case-stu
Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox	Materials produced

#### udies/Classroom-practice/archive/big-bikkie

<ul> <li>Peer and self assessment related to how students:</li> <li>Relate to others: <ul> <li>all students being involved and feeling part of the process and have ownership of the final product.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Participation and contribution: <ul> <li>all students being part of the project and contributing in a worthwhile manner for the common goal within class and group.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Creating a supportive learning environment: <ul> <li>all students feeling accepted and being active, visible members of the learning community.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Teacher observations of individual students within a supportive learning environment: <ul> <li>Using language symbols and text:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe examples related to biscuit making to illustrate how a technological product's fitness for purpose can be/was enhanced by the way a material was shaped.</li> <li>Technological systems:</li> <li>Explain how processes are controlled to enable the inputs to be transformed to outputs.</li> <li>As a class, describe examples to illustrate how a technological system's fitness for purpose was enhanced by the use of control mechanisms.</li> <li>As a class or in groups, identify subsystems within technological systems and explain their properties.</li> <li>Nature of Technology</li> <li>Characteristics of Technology:</li> <li>Describe examples to illustrate how social have</li> </ul>	Response sheet related to Case study snapshot - "Cookie Time 25 years on" HACCP and production flow char activities
<ul> <li>all students taking part in reading activities to gain and develop knowledge and skills</li> <li>Community and participation for the common good:</li> <li>working together towards the common goal - developing a quality outcome</li> <li>Integrity:</li> <li>Involving being responsible, accountable and act ethically within the group and class and eventual market environment.</li> <li>Learning to learn:</li> <li>Using the knowledge and skills which can be "stored as a toolbox" for future application within student practice and beyond this unit of work.</li> <li>Teacher conversations with class/group/individual</li> <li>To encourage:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>influenced the technological practice undertaken.</li> <li>Explain that technological knowledge is evaluated in terms of how effective it is in supporting the cookie outcome to function successfully.</li> <li>Characteristics of Technological Outcomes:</li> <li>As a class, describe possible physical and functional nature options for a biscuit outcome within specifications when provided with a opportunity.</li> <li>As a class explain the relationship between the physical and functional nature of technological biscuit outcomes.<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	evidence related to Gluten Free cookie case study. Response sheet related to Case study snapshot - "Cookie Time 25 years on" Formative assessmen Class discussions in relation to gaining some awareness of what physical nature and functional nature mean in a biscuit
<ul> <li>To encoding e students to ann high, not to give up and to persevere in the face of difficulties; not to compromise if possible in developing a quality product.</li> <li>Unit reflection:</li> <li>Creating a supportive learning environment:</li> <li>Did students feel accepted and able to be active, visible members of the learning community?</li> <li>Learning enquiry:</li> <li>What has happened as a result of the teaching and what are the implications for future teaching? Is there something I need to change? What are the next steps for learning?</li> </ul>		context. Class discussion may allow individual students the opportunity to develop understanding of the physical nature and functional nature of biscuits and identify the relationship between the two.

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
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Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G	&T) www.techlink.org.nz/Case-studies/Classroom-practice/archive/big-bikkie
Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology	Toolbox Materials produced for Techlink by Diana Eagle Page 22/30

Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	Negotiated Specific Learning Outcomes	Diana 1/0/00 5·47 DM
<ul> <li>Develop understandings of Technological Practice in product development to meet an opportunity in a food context outside the classroom situation.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Discuss what social and environmental issues and environmental</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What opportunities are there to address? Class or teacher selection?</li> <li>Who will be the stakeholders for consultation and feedback? Decided by class or teacher or selected opportunity?</li> </ul>	Comment: Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes: This is a big list of possible Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes for this unit. Doing this brainstorm of possibilities gave the teacher a range of learning outcomes that could be
<ul> <li>Identify what technological knowledge was used in the "Gluten Free cookie" case.</li> <li>Explain how that technological knowledge used was effective in</li> </ul>	What type of biscuit will be the class focus to develop for multi- unit batch production?	covered. However this list was refined down to ensure the unit had a clear focus related to what the teacher wanted to achieve from its delivery. These learning outcomes show links to the CoTs,
<ul> <li>Identify the key stages within Technological Practice within a food context.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>As a class identify how stages and resources which need to be planned for</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Is there time to use introduce or return to teaching about the big 3 of Technology practice? Could a food technologist be brought in for a visit to make it "real"? Is it worthwhile for the focus of the unit? Would activity oncurs students foll they had</li> </ul>	Context specific Knowledge and Skills and the Food Technology Toolbox. The light yellow highlights Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes.
As a class identify key stages and resources which here to be plained for	southing the the planning of the preject?	
<ul> <li>Use an initial plan developed from this information and other planning tools to record reviews and reflection of technological practice for ongoing planning.</li> <li>Identify an opportunity for the given context.<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Carry out Market Research on existing biscuit products.</li> <li>Develop knowledge and skills related to "The Food Technology Toolbox" in setting up and carrying out product and sensory testing - Using a range of testing methods – Products Tests such as: CMPs, Disassembly, Attribute scales, Storage, Colour, Sensory Analysis; Sensory Tests such as Paired Comparisons, Ranking, Hedonic tests.</li> <li><i>Gain an understanding of the physical nature and functional nature of biscuits and identify the relationship between the two</i>.</li> <li>Describe the attributes of existing products in relation to in the chocolate chip cookie range to develop desirable attributes for the class outcome.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>contributed to the planning of the project?</li> <li>What /how can individual student evidence be presented in relation to research of technological practice and current market products, brief development, planning for practice, functional modelling and prototyping, developing the production process for multi-unit batch production, and evaluation of fitness for purpose to demonstrate individual student understanding and participation?</li> <li>Should students source recipes independently from home and other available resources e.g. library, internet? Or will these be done by the teacher?</li> <li>How can I ensure learning experiences are enhanced by</li> </ul>	<b>Comment:</b> Negotiated Learning Outcomes: This part of a unit plan is usually left blank. The teacher had been unsure in the past as to what this really meant in unit planning and subsequent delivery. In developing this unit plan the teacher brainstormed scenarios that could arise within the delivery of the unit. These scenarios led to questions that the teacher might have to consider. The 'what ifs''. The teacher realised that there were learning links to the values, key competencies and pedagogy foci within these questions. The green highlights Negotiated Specific Learning Outcomes.
<ul> <li>Develop knowledge and skills related to the "Food Technology Toolbox" in surveying and gathering useful information from focus group discussions and key stakeholders.</li> <li>Carry out Consumer Research with key stakeholders and focus groups.</li> <li>Develop, from this research, specifications which may include possible physical and functional nature options for the intended outcome to address the identified opportunity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>group/class work? How can I use group/class work to monitor learning and understanding against the indicators of progression?</li> <li>Do students get to choose who they are grouped / seated by / work with? Is it random or teacher controlled? Based on friendship, ability levels mixed or streamed, gender balance or separation, alphabetical, behavioural, personality, to suit group roles? – does it enhance student participation and</li> </ul>	
address the identified opportunity.	group roles? – does it enhance student participation and	

<sup>1</sup> Bold indicates unit focus for individual students.
 <sup>2</sup> *Italics* indicate opportunities for learning experience within extension activities.
 <sup>3</sup>Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes in not in bold are learning outcomes to be expected as a class group.

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Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies
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Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox

		contribution?
• Demonstra	ate an understanding of the safe use of equipment, hygienic	
handling o	f ingredients and test samples and ethical practices in food	What class/group roles need to be established? Will these
production	to meet codes of practice.	be allocated by teacher or students? Are these necessary
		for individual student participation and contribution? What
<ul> <li>Develop s</li> </ul>	kills in biscuit making (using a variety of recipes) in	does the teacher need to do to ensure effective problem
particular	: Creaming; Measuring; Ball forming; Uniform sizing.	solving strategies are carried out by students to help
<ul> <li>Demonstration</li> </ul>	ate knowledge and skills from the "Food Technology Toolbox" in	class/group dynamics related to such things as: social,
setting up	and carrying out product and sensory testing - Using a range of	leadership, participation, contribution and recording issues?
testing me	thods – Products Tests such as: CMPs, Disassembly, Attribute	What strategies should be considered in the event of
scales, Sto	orage, Colour, Sensory Analysis; Sensory Tests such as Paired	class/group dynamics breaking down to the detriment of the
Compariso	ons, Ranking, Hedonic tests.	students and the unit?
<ul> <li>Develop a</li> </ul>	biscuit prototype to evaluate against the brief.	
<ul> <li>Gain key s</li> </ul>	stakeholder and focus group (consumer) comments for the	Who will take on which roles in the multi-unit batch
developed	biscuit's suitability to address the opportunity.	production?
· · · ·		
<ul> <li>Identify the</li> </ul>	e differences between homemade and multi-unit batch production	• Do our stakeholders wish us to continue with multi-unit batch
to evaluate	e the importance of sameness of product related to such things as:	manufacture to meet the opportunity?
creaming t	horoughness, colour, size, uniformity, ingredient evenness (e.g.	
chocolate	chips ratio per biscuit) when attempting multi-unit batch production	Can we manufacture and market our developed product?
within the	class environment.	
Describe	examples related to biscuit making to illustrate how a	
technolog	ical product's fitness for purpose can be/was enhanced by	• Will we implement the final product within intended situation?
the way a	material was shaped.	
<ul> <li>Develop k</li> </ul>	nowledge and skills from the "Food Technology Toolbox"	• Will promotion, packaging and labelling be addressed? Who
and Comr	ponent of Technological Systems within of: HACCP, batch	will do this?
productio	n, flow sheeting, the role of properties (inputs and outputs) in	
subsettin	g: and control requirements in a production process in multi-	Can/should/do we need to carry out a cost analysis? Is it
unit batch	production.	profitable for fundraising?
Demonstra	ate knowledge and skills in developing a production process to	Consideration for selling products – area, furniture, money
allow multi	-unit batch production of biscuits to occur within the classroom	collection, hygiene procedures –gloves, sanitiser, aprons?
environme	int.	
Trial a dev	eloped production process in multi-unit batch production to deliver	
a quality a	ssured outcome	
Provide a	n evaluation to state compliance and deficits of the biscuit	
prototype	against specifications and stakeholder and consumer	
feedback	on its suitability with suggestions made to eliminate deficits	

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Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox

# Sourced from "Food Technology Tool Box" for Year 9 – 10

Food Formulation	Food Safety and	Food Packaging and	Food Product	Food Production and	Commont: The Food Technology Technol
	Legislation	Labelling	Testina	Preservation	Resource:
Food Chemistry	Ethics of a Food	Packaging as a sales	Consumer Sensory	Manufacturing Processes	The teacher wanted to ensure that knowledge, skills
Understand the role of Protein.	Technologist	tool	Testing	• Exposure to real	and understandings were developed within this unit related specifically to Food Technology The Food
Carbohydrates and Fats in common	<ul> <li>Current ethical issues</li> </ul>	Introduce the 4 Ps –	<ul> <li>Sensory testing</li> </ul>	industry production	Technology Toolbox is a resource case studied on
foods – Gluten and its role in biscuit	<ul> <li>ethics in relation to</li> </ul>	product, price, place.	<ul> <li>Sensory testing</li> </ul>	processes e.g.	the Techlink website.
making	multi-unit production	and promotion	protocols	video/factory	Years 9 -10 that could be used within learning
Basic functionality of nutrients	and selling a biscuit	Packaging as a	introduced –	visit/outside speaker in	experiences. The content should be given a similar
<ul> <li>Role of nutrients in the body</li> </ul>	product in the school	Preservation Method	preparing, setting	relation to	tocus towards multi-unit batch production with the teacher being aware that a full teaching programme
including water, minerals and	environment	<ul> <li>Functionality of</li> </ul>	up and analysis	manufacturing a gluter	will cover other content and would also consider
vitamins with a focus on calcium and	Food Safety	packaging material	Ranking test	free cookie and biscuit	strategies to ensure students are making a seamless
iron	<ul> <li>Basic Personal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Selecting materials to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hedonic scale test</li> </ul>	making	The teacher also identified the links to the CoTs and
<ul> <li>Reinforce throughout project/s</li> </ul>	Hygiene and Food	suit storage	Consumer Market	<ul> <li>Introduce process</li> </ul>	the Context specific Knowledge and Skills within
Nutrition	Handling practices	environment	Research and	diagram symbols	this content material.
<ul> <li>Reinforce basic nutrition</li> </ul>	reinforced	<ul> <li>Tamper proofing</li> </ul>	Testing	<ul> <li>Modify a HACCP Plan</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Food groups</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Introduce common</li> </ul>	Shelf life	<ul> <li>Individual/class</li> </ul>	to suit a food product –	
<ul> <li>"Mission On"</li> </ul>	food organisms e.g.	Package and Label	target market	biscuit outcome	
<ul> <li>Nutritional Guidelines</li> </ul>	Salmonella,	Design	surveys or	<ul> <li>Develop a detailed</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Identify specific nutritional needs for</li> </ul>	Campylobacter, E coli	Marketing	interviews of	block diagram with	
a stakeholder group e.g. teenagers	<ul> <li>Ideal conditions for</li> </ul>	requirements of	individual	<u>control points</u>	
<ul> <li>Current nutritional issues</li> </ul>	growth	packaging and labelling	stakeholders	<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Key trends – e.g. social issues</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Preventive measures</li> </ul>	in relation to gluten free	<ul> <li>Setting up focus</li> </ul>	processing steps	
Manipulation of Ingredients	Introduce concepts	products	groups	required to make	
<ul> <li>Build cooking skills - making and</li> </ul>	<mark>of:</mark>		<ul> <li>Ethical</li> </ul>	common food	
shaping biscuits	• HACCP	Label design –	considerations	products e.g. sieving,	
<ul> <li>Basic properties of food introduced</li> </ul>	• OSH	including nutritional	Chemical and	beating, creaming,	
within practical tasks	Current food safety	information	Microbiological	baking (basic cooking	
- discussion around these -	Issues	• Use "food works" or a	lesting	terminology)	
physical nature and functional	Standards/ Codes and	Nutritional analysis	Simple storage	Innovation in production	
nature of biscuits		source to develop	testing Giran la attribute	and preservation	
Innovative ingredients and     preserves of when Olyter	<ul> <li>Introduce food</li> </ul>	nutritional information	Simple attribute	Preservation	
processes – case study on Gluten	standards related to	panel related to a food	testing – related	Principles of	
Free cookies	biscult outcome and	product Deskage and label	to key desirable	Preservation	
Simple regine changes driven by	manulacture	Package and Laber	all ribules	Identity methods of	
<ul> <li>Simple recipe changes driven by refined enceifications of</li> </ul>				Preservation and	
doveloped brief related to		Define terms:	• Viscosity	nackaging and Sholf life	
ingradiants/ process for multi		Best Before	VISCOSILY     Hardness/	Innovation in	
unit batch production for a bisquit		Lise by date	Tenderness	nreservation	
outcome		Allergens	i chuchicaa	Key Trends	
outcome		Key Trends		incy frenus	
			1		

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# BIKKIE TIME – Updating an existing unit of work to align with The New Zealand Curriculum

Diana 1/9/09 5:41 PM

				<b>Comment:</b> Learning Experiences:
Learning Experiences (Broken into Session Blocks)	Learning Intentions	Resources	Link to	When the teacher revisited the learning experiences within this unit of work the intention was to provide as much information for other teachers to see the
Introduce unit of work to the class – introduce unit context related to developing skills and trialling multi-unit batch production interlinked with key competencies and values as we work as a class or in groups to achieve a common goal. Emphasise the aims are to: - work together - to relate to others - to be inclusive - feel part of the process and the	<ul> <li>Key Competencies Relating to others: <ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to work effectively together to develop a quality marketable outcome.</li> </ul> Participating and contributing: <ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to feel part of a common goal; to understand that the success and/ or failure of the outcome will affect everyone involved.</li> </ul></li></ul>			thinking and planning that might happen "behind the scenes" of unit delivery. This resource is intended to give teachers "food for thought" in what a Technology unit could encompass rather than just show the learning foci related to multi-unit batch production. The teacher has included activities which are to encourage the use of literacy strategies; considering differentiation; and extension activities that could be for class wide use and / or for the identified gifted and talented students within the class. The experiences have been developed to ensure that opportunity is provided to allow students to meet the <i>predetermined specific learning outcomes</i> and links to key competencies, values and other curriculum knowledge and/or skills have been made as appropriate.
With this information given to the class -	Community and participation for the common good:		Do students get to	with colour highlighted links to the first part of the unit plan. The teacher wanted to clearly "spell out" links that have been made.
appropriate groups could be worked out at this stage, if not already established.	<ul> <li>The whole class should to be involved and feel part of the process and have ownership of the final outcome.</li> <li>Integrity:</li> <li>Involving students being responsible,</li> </ul>		choose who they are grouped / seated by / work with? What class/group role need to be established	Diana 1/9/09 5:41 PM Comment: Learning Intentions: These indicate the specific learning intention or key purpose of the learning experience. These may relate to one or more learning outcomes, the key competencies, values or other curriculum knowledge and/or skills. The teacher decided this meant the link should be
	accountable and act ethically within group/s and class activities.			made to the CoTs and the indicators of Progression as outlined in the Assessment Criteria, Learn [2] Diana 1/9/09 5:40 PM
	Excellence: To encourage students to aim high and to persevere in the face of difficulties in developing			Comment: Resources: Use this column to ensure required resources are sourced and available as needed. Diana 1/9/09 5:41 PM
¥	<ul> <li>a quality outcome fit for purpose.</li> <li>Pedagogy</li> <li>Creating a supportive learning environment:</li> <li>Students learn best when they feel accepted and when they are able to be active, visible members of the learning community.</li> </ul>		Assessment Strategies focusing on Learning Links Teacher observation and/ or conversation with class / group / individual within	Comment: Links to Learning Outcomes: Clear links should be made to show how the block of learning experiences relate to the predetermined learning outcomes of the unit. The teacher also used this column to show li([3] 28/9/09 7:31 PM Deleted: - Unknown
v	¥		a supportive learning environment - to establish a baseline.	28/9/09 7:32 PM Deleted: -

lease of the second			28/9/09 7:36 PM
Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.techlink.org.nz/Case-studies/Classroom-practice/archive/big-bikkie
Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox	Materials produced for Techlink by Diana Eagle Page 26/30

Setting the scene for Food	Principles	-	Develop	
Tochnology:	Principies	•	understandings of	28/9/09 7:37 PM
reciniology.	Learning to learn:	Video:	Technological	Deleted:
Examine Technological Practice within a food	• Introducing knowledge and skills which can be	"Developing New	Practice in product	28/9/09 7:36 PM
industry example	"stored as a toolbox" for future application	Food Products" -	development to mee	Deleted:
	within student practice and beyond this unit of		an opportunity in a	
This is to allow students to become aware that	WORK.		the classroom	
Technological Practice is an actual process	Context specific knowledge and skills		situation.	
followed by food companies when developing new	<ul> <li>Develop technological knowledge, skills</li> </ul>			
products to meet an opportunity in the market	and understandings related to			
place.	technological practice from analysing			
Watch video converse related to "Upple Taby's	existing technological practice and			
Chewy Muesli Bar" - an overview of Food	products.			
Technology to give an understanding of Food	Food Technology Tool box:			
Technology in practice.	Exposure to real industry production		•	28/0/00 7·33 PM
	processes e.g. video.			Formatted: Indent: Left: 0 mm. Hanging:
1				3.1 mm, Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at:
Extension Activity	Principles	Video: wider use	Develop	6.3 mm + Indent at: 12.7 mm, Pattern: Clear (Yellow)
	Learning to learn:	"Developing New	understandings of	28/9/09 7:33 PM
Case Study: Watch video sequence related to	- Encouraging planning and reflection within the	FOOD Products -	Practice in product	Deleted: _
"Uncle Toby's Chewy Muesli Bar"	<ul> <li>Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a</li> </ul>	Response sheet	development to mee	Diana 1/9/09 5:54 PM
You may need to allow the class to watch this a few times to gether all the information required	supportive learning environment	for group	an opportunity in a	Comment: Extension Activity:
from it	- Introducing knowledge and skills which can be	response to	food context outside	The grey highlights that this activity could be considered as an <b>extension activity</b> as individual
nom it.	<ul> <li>Introducing knowledge and skills which can be "stored as a toolbox" for future application</li> </ul>	record data from	the classroom	"Planning for practice" is not a key focus other than
Suggested Group Activity	within student practice and beyond this unit of	case study	situation.	reflection. This activity could be delivered in any
	work.		What atrataging about	food technology focused Technology unit of work where planning was a key focus
Practice in Planning – (each task could be	Key Competencies		be considered in the	28/9/09 7:37 PM
assigned to each group in the class)	Participating and contributing:		event of class/group	Deleted: _
of this product – explain their importance	Give students the opportunity to contribute		dynamics breaking	
	appropriately as a group member.		down to the detriment	
<ul> <li>Identify the key resources required at each</li> </ul>	Pedagogy		of the students and th	e
stage.	Teaching as inquiry: Focus Inquiry:		unit?	
	<ul> <li>Establishing a base line and direction to</li> </ul>		How can Luse	
<ul> <li>Identify the different people involved in the</li> </ul>	determine what my students have already		group/class work to	
development of the product and briefly explain	learned and what they need to learn next.		monitor learning and	
	Context specific knowledge and skills		understanding agains	
<ul> <li>Identify at what key stages the food</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Introducing knowledge and skills which can be</li> </ul>		the indicators of	
technologist's is involved in the development of	"stored as a toolbox" for future application	E e m fer mt l	progression?	
this product.	within student practice beyond this unit of	For further		
Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	gotiated Outcomes		

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.techlink.org.nz/Cas
Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox	Materials produ

<ul> <li>List the specific knowledge and skills has been needed by the food technologist for each stage</li> <li>Identify planning tools used in the development of this product.</li> <li>Suggested Class Activity</li> <li>Use the group data collected from the video to make up a timeline to show key stages, allocation of resources for each stage including specialist people required, specific knowledge and skills required; and allocate time needed for each stage for this product to be developed within the stated time period mentioned on the video.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>work.</li> <li>Food Technology Tool box: <ul> <li>Exposure to real industry production processes e.g. video.</li> <li>Introduce the 4 Ps – product, price, place, promotion.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Extension Learning Outcomes: <ul> <li>To give students the opportunity to develor understanding of the need for and use of planning in relation to "real life" Food Technology product development.</li> <li>To give students the awareness that there lot of specialised people are involved in the development of one food product.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	and Extension Activity Resources Muesli bar Toolbox Activity.doc Initial Plan of Action chart.doc	Identify the key stages within Technological Practice within in a food context
	<ul> <li>Planning for practice – developing class planning with opportunities to use a variet planning tools to manage resources and to reflect and revise for ongoing planning at progress points.</li> <li>To give students' practice in planning out stages and allocating resources including people and knowledge and skill.</li> </ul>	y of o key key time,	Unit preparation: getting ready to deliver unit: Formative assessment to form a baseline of student understandings and application of knowledge and skills
<ul> <li>Introduce the unit context:</li> <li>To develop a biscuit product for production and marketing in the school environment.</li> <li>Brainstorm opportunities within the school to develop opportunity.</li> <li>Class or group discussions to discuss opportunities and select one for the class to address.</li> <li>Class develop a statement related to what the selected opportunity will be.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Principles</li> <li>Inclusion:</li> <li>Students feel included and valued in their individual participation within the group and class environments for a common goal.</li> <li>Key Competencies</li> <li>Participating and contributing:</li> <li>Give students the opportunity to feel part of common goal.</li> <li>Values</li> <li>Community and participation for the common good:</li> <li>The whole class should to be involved and part of the process and have ownership of final outcome.</li> </ul>	of a Identify school events that could give opportunity to given issue Whiteboard for class discussion and / or paper for group discussions	What opportunities are there to address? How can I ensure learning experiences are enhanced by group/class work? Assessment Strategies focusing on Learning Links Teacher observations/ conversations with
Technology Learning Area          Principles          Key Competencies	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge Technological Practice (CoT) Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Negotiated Outcomes         Assessment Strategies         Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.tec

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	<ul> <li>Creating a supportive learning environment:</li> <li>Students learn best when they feel accepted and when they are able to be active, visible members of the learning community.</li> <li>Components of Technology</li> <li>Brief development - develop a class description of an opportunity to address.</li> </ul>	Class/grou Identify an for the give Assessme Portfolio ev	opportunity en context ent Strategy vidence
Exploratory Work: Examine Technological Practice within an industry example using the "Gluten Free cookies" case study Read the resource- in groups, as a class, individually. Literacy Strategy	Principles         Learning to learn:         Introducing knowledge and skills which can be "stored as a toolbox" for future application within student practice and beyond this unit of work.         Key Competencies         Using language symbols and text:         (using literacy strategies)	Sourced from the Develop http://www.techlin k.org.nz/Case- studies/Technolo gical- practice/Food- and- Biological/Gluten- free- cookies/index.htm	dings of gical product ent to mee unity in a ext outside oom Diana 1/9/09 5:54 PM Comment: Exploratory Work: This is a key stage for any technological practice – research carried out should enable students to apply nowledge, skills and understandings from this. In this unit of work the research (Exploratory Work) is done as a class with some individual assessment opportunities. Diana 1/9/09 5:54 PM Comment: "Gluten Free cookies" case study: The assarthdu is rich is written tout. Although the
Literacy strategies will need to be developed to ensure students get the most opportunity for engagement and learning from this resource. A suggested example of this is in the <u>"Gluten Free</u> <u>cookie case study - literacy strategy.doc"</u> – could be used as a homework activity to allow students the opportunity to become more familiar with the case study – the aim was to be student friendly but adapt to suit your class.	<ul> <li>To encourage reading as a means to gain knowledge and skills this with understanding can be used to enhance student practice.</li> <li>Context specific skill/ knowledge</li> <li>Develop technological knowledge, skills and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological practice and products.</li> </ul>	Gluten Free cookie case study - literacy strategy.doc What /how individual s evidence b in relation of technolo practice to individual s	can student be presenter to research ogical demonstrate student ding and on?
<ul> <li>Suggested key questions to meet learning intentions:</li> <li>What were the social issues that may have influenced the development of this new product?</li> <li>What are then environmental issues that have influenced the development of this new product?</li> <li>What factors/concerns had to be considered in the development of the product?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Food Technology Toolbox</li> <li>Exposure to real industry production processes in relation to manufacturing a gluten free product</li> <li>Understand the role of Gluten and its role in biscuit making</li> <li>Key trends – e.g. Gluten free</li> <li>Innovative ingredients and processes – case study on Gluten Free cookie</li> <li>Marketing requirements of packaging and labelling in relation to gluten free products</li> </ul>	Gluten Free cookies question and response sheetDiscuss w and enviro issues inf developm food prodTo be developed in conjunction with literacy strategies to suit class level and range of studentIdentify the within Tech Practice w context.	<ul> <li>The teacher has put these key questions into the learning experiences sequence for easy reference for other teachers. These questions have been developed to specifically address CoTs and have been highlighted accordingly. A question/work sheet or resource may be developed from these key questions to meet literacy and differentiation considerations within the class.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>What technical knowledge was important for the food technologist to understand to develop this product?</li> </ul>	Component/s of Technology Characteristics of Technology: • Develop understanding of how social issues and environmental issues impact;	literacy abilities using suggested key questions lin the "Glu cookie" ca	hat ical e was used uten Free ase.
Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	gotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	sessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	eracy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT) Ext	ension Activities (G&T)	www.tachlink.org.pz/Case.studies/Classroom.practics/arab

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<ul> <li>How did this knowledge effectively support the success of the outcome?</li> <li>What manufacturing constraints were imposed on the project due to it being a gluten free product?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and how technological knowledge is validated by the success of an outco</li> <li>Explain that technological knowledg evaluated in terms of how effective it supporting the gluten free cookie ou to function successfully.</li> </ul>	ome. e is t is in tcome		Explain how technological knowledge us effective in supporting the outcome to fu successfully. Assessment S Response shee related to Glute cookie case stu	ed was enction strategy et en Free udy.		
Extension Activity Class discussion using case study could explot the physical nature and functional nature of the gluten free biscuit and the relationship between the two. This could be done to introduce students to the terms "physical nature" and "functional nature" i relation to a biscuit product - this could then be referred to within Market Research, Brief Development and Functional Modelling learning experiences.	<ul> <li>Principles         Learning to learn:         Introducing knowledge and skills which "stored as a toolbox" for future applicati within student practice and beyond this work.         Characteristics of Technological Outcom         As a class, describe possible physical a functional nature options for a biscuit o within specifications when provided wit opportunity.         Pedagogy         Creating a supportive learning environme         Students learn best when they feel according a when they are able to be active, vis members of the learning community.     </li> </ul>	can be on unit of es: and utcome h a ent: epted sible	For further Extension Activity Resources Cookie Toolbox Activity.doc	How can I use group/class wo monitor learnin understanding the indicators of progression? Formative asse Gain an unders of the physical and functional in biscuits and ide relationship beat the two.	rk to g and against if essment standing nature of entify the tween		
Exploratory Work Continued: Examine Technological Practice within an indust example using the Cookie Time 25 years on doc. Literacy Strategy The following resource could be used: 1. As an activity as outlined within Exploratory work in conjunction with the Gluten Free Technology Learning Area Principles Key Competencies	Principles         Learning to learn:         • Introducing knowledge and skills which         "stored as a toolbox" for future applicati         within student practice and beyond this         work.         Key Competencies         Using language symbols and text:         (using literacy strategies)         Context Specific Skill/Knowledge         Technological Practice (CoT)         Technological Knowledge (CoT)	can be on unit of Nego Asses Litera	Cookie Time 25 years on.doc "Cookie Time 25 years on" Question and response sheet To be developed in conjunction with literacy strategies to suit otiated Outcomes ssment Strategies acy Strategies	Assessment Strategies foc on Learning L What strategies most likely to h students learn? What /how can individual stude evidence be pro- in relation to re	using inks s are elp my ent esented search	Diana 1/9/09 5:54 PM Comment: "Cookie Time 25 years on" doc. This resource is a simple texted case study. The eacher has suggested ways in which it could be ncorporated within learning experiences.	
values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Exter	nsion Activities (G&T)		www.te	echlink.org.nz/Case-studies/Classroom-practice/ar	chive/big-bikkie

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<ul> <li>cookie case study;</li> <li>As an ongoing case study to be referred back to within Market research or Functional Modelling;</li> <li>Instead of the Gluten Free cookie case study.</li> </ul>	• To encourage reading as a means to gain knowledge and skills this with understanding can be used to enhance student practice.	class level and range of student literacy abilities using suggested key questions	of technological practice to demonstrate individual student understanding and participation?
<ul> <li>as a literacy strategy with less reading content but with useful knowledge to add to student's "toolbox";</li> <li>4. As an extension activity only.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Context specific skill/ knowledge</li> <li>Develop technological knowledge, skills and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological practice and</li> </ul>		Develop understandings of Technological
Suggested key questions to meet learning intentions:  • What was the opportunity in the market that the first Cookie Time cookie product addressed?	<ul> <li>Develop knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making.</li> <li>Food Technology Toolbox</li> </ul>		Practice in product development to meet an opportunity in a food context outside the classroom
<ul> <li>Testing out things is functional modelling – what advice does Michael Mayell have related to this?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Exposure to real industry production processes in relation to manufacturing a gluten free product</li> <li>Manipulation of Ingredients <ul> <li>making and shaping biscuits</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Identify what technological knowledge was used.
What does Michael Mayell say about the way each cookie is shaped?     The Original Chocolate Chip cookie recipe hasn't changed for 25 years!     So what is Cookie Time's success based on?	<ul> <li>Component/s of Technology</li> <li>Technological products:</li> <li>Describe examples related to biscuit making to illustrate how a technological product's fitness for purpose can be/was enhanced by the way a material was</li> </ul>		Explain how that technological knowledge used was effective in supporting the outcome to function
<ul> <li>So what is Cookie Time's success based on?</li> <li>How did the Cookie Time cookie get manipulated into its shape?</li> <li>Explain why do you think the Cookie Time Brand is iconic in New Zealand?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>shaped.</li> <li>Characteristics of Technology</li> <li>Explain that technological knowledge is evaluated in terms of how effective it is in supporting the cookie outcome to function successfully.</li> </ul>		successfully.
<ul> <li>What are the techniques used to:</li> <li>get the size of the cookie?</li> <li>get the chunky chocolate size?</li> <li>"Cookie Time cookies are still individually hand</li> </ul>			
<ul><li>crafted like they were in the old days."</li><li>What affect will this have on a batch of these cookies?</li></ul>			

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.techlink.org.n
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<ul> <li>Why does the company NOT make uniform cookies?</li> <li>How has the Cookie Time Cookie's fitness for purpose been enhanced by the way the cookie was shaped?</li> <li>What disadvantages do you think there may be in adopting Cookie Time's approach to shaping and chocolate chip distribution?</li> <li>What advantages do you think there may be in adopting Cookie Time's approach to shaping and chocolate chip distribution?</li> <li>What advantages do you think there may be in adopting Cookie Time's approach to shaping and chocolate chip distribution?</li> <li>Explain what you think we should do in developing our biscuit outcome?</li> </ul>			<b>Assessment Strategy</b> Response sheet related to Case study snapshot - "Cookie Time 25 years on"	
Preplanning: The Big 3 in Technology Practice	<ul> <li>Principles Inclusion:</li> <li>Students feel included and valued in their individual participation within the group and class environments for a common goal.</li> <li>Key Competencies Participating and contributing:</li> <li>Give students the opportunity to feel part of a common goal; to understand roles and responsibilities; to contribute appropriately as a group member; to make connections with others and to create opportunities for others in the group; to understand that the success and/ or failure of the outcome will affect everyone involved.</li> <li>Values</li> <li>Community and participation for the common good:</li> <li>The whole class should to be involved and feel part of the process and have ownership of the final outcome.</li> </ul>	http://www.futurei ntech.org.nz	Is there time to use introduce or return to teaching about the big 3 of Technology practice? Could a foo technologist be broug in for a visit to make it "real"? Is it worthwhile for the focus of the unit? Would as activity ensure students felt they had contributed to the planning of the project?	ana 1/9/09 5:54 PM mment: The Big 3 in Technology Practice: though multi-unit batch production is the main zus for this unit, this activity was part of the ginal unit of work. The teacher decided it was portant to keep this in the learning experiences so dents were aware that Technological Practice thin Food Technology can be focused around see 3 parts. The teacher has continued using these key stages for the development of the class teome.
Toby's Chewy Muesli Bar". Give students the opportunity to identify what stages of the product develop process was related to these three parts.		"Developing New Food Products" -	understandings of Technological Practice in product development to meet an opportunity in a food context outside	

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.techlink.org.nz/Case-studies/Classroom-practice/archive/big-bikkie
Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox	Materials produced for Techlink by Diana Eagle Page 32/30

Clas arou outo Sug mig • To kr Co • To fir Co • W	as discussions about the need for research and these 3 parts to contribute to the class ome development. gested questions for class to discuss ht include: develop our outcome what do we already ow in relation to Technology, Market and onsumer? develop our outcome what do we need to d out in relation to Technology, Market and onsumer? hat tasks/ activities may this include?			Whiteboard for class discussion and / or paper for group discussions	the classroom situation. Identify the key within Technolo Practice within a context.	stages gical a food		
Pla <u>Sug</u>	nning for Technological Practice	Component of Technology Planning for practice: ( <i>Working towards</i> )	)	Whiteboard for			Comment: Planning For Technological Practice: As this is a class activity the teacher decided that to levelop a plan of action for the class was the best and less time consuming way to encourage students	
To g plan teac	ive students the opportunity to contribute to ning for the class project rather than all her driven	<ul> <li>As a class, select and use planning tool identify and record key stages, action be undertaken, determine progress r points, and manage resources.</li> </ul>	ols to ons to review	class discussion and / or paper for group discussions	As a class ident stages and reso which need to b planned for.	ify key <sup>t</sup> ources e	o review and reflect on class practice.	
<ul> <li>Sude</li> <li>Suto</li> <li>Suto</li> <li>Suto</li> <li>Suto</li> </ul>	Iggest some key stages we need to plan for in veloping our outcome? Iggest what resources we will need to plan for use in developing our outcome? Iggest what people will need to be involved d when?							
<ul> <li>St</li> <li>it</li> <li>He</li> <li>ke</li> <li>Ga</li> </ul>	aggest what finance will be needed, where will come from, how will this be used. bw much time will we need to allocate to each y stage? ather information back for group discussions				Assessment			
fro	om the spokesperson of the group.	Why should the teacher collate and mak	ke up		Strategies focu on Learning Li	ising nks:		
teac deve sele	her to put it together as an initial plan for the elopment of the outcome to address the cted opportunity.	the initial plan? This should show the students that not only their input required but that it is valued, rele and necessary for the teacher to develop the	ly is levant the		Peer and self assessment re how students: Relate to others	lated to		
The	re are other strategies that may work better	initial plan for the class to use and implement	ent. It		Participation and	d		
	Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Nego	tiated Outcomes				
	Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Asse	ssment Strategies				
	Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Litera	acy Strategies				
	Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Exter	nsion Activities (G&T)		www.te	echlink.org.nz/Case-studies/Classroom-practice/archive/	big-bikkie

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for the teacher and the class dependent on the	should also show the students that the project is		contribution
ability and makeup of the class.	important to the teacher and is part of the project		Creating a supportive
	too.		learning environment
Present initial plan of action for development of	Discription stars a should reflect the him 2 in		
the outcome to address the selected opportunity	Planning stages should reliect the big 3 in	Initial Plan of	
the outcome to address the selected opportunity.	technology practice such as Market research,	Action chart doc	Use an initial plan
This could be a brief encerturity to explain that	Consumer Research, Technology Research,	<u></u>	developed from this
this could be a blief opportunity to explain that		Toochor could	information and other
the Plan of Action used is one type of planning		nrovido othor	planning tools to
tool that can be used for initial planning. Ask for		plovide other	rocord roviows and
suggestions of other ways to present initial		plaining tools	reflection of
planning of a project.		which have been	technological
		developed by the	
Suggested group activity:		teacher to	
		scaffold student	planning.
Give out plan of action for students to check		practice. –	
whether it has the detail provided in the		student should	Unit progress:
preplanning activities by each group – additions,	Principles	initiate choice of	delivering the unit -
deletions, time concerns, resource allocation?	Learning to learn:	planning tools.	how is it going?
Discuss where the progress points should be			Learning to learn:
established for reviewing and reflection.	<ul> <li>Encouraging planning and reflection within</li> </ul>	E.g. Short	
	the class's technological practice within a	statements	Checking individual
Linking to the case study technological practices	supportive learning environment.	related to Plan	student evidence of
explored so far ask for reasons for reviewing and	<ul> <li>Introducing knowledge and skills which can</li> </ul>	(what did we plan	planning and revision.
reflection in sound technology practice.	be "stored as a toolbox" for future application	to do); Review	Encourage to use
	within student practice and beyond this unit	(what did we do	planning tools that suit
Discuss ways the initial plan can be used by each	of work	how did it go?);	them.
student to record reviews and reflection of	Values	Reflect (What did	
technological practice for ongoing planning.	Community and participation for the common	we/I learn?);	
	good.	Revise (Do we	What /how can
Ask for suggestions of other planning tools	<ul> <li>The whole class should to be involved and</li> </ul>	need to do	individual student
students could use during the project to present	feel part of the process and have ownership	something	evidence be presented
evidence of reviews and reflection of	of the final outcome	differently? Any	in relation to planning
technological practice for ongoing planning.	Key Competencies	changes to plan?	for practice, functional
0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Participating and contributing:	<ul> <li>This could be</li> </ul>	demonstrate individual
Give students other planning tool examples	<ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to feel part of a</li> </ul>	done each period	student understanding
and samples that they could use throughout	common goal: to understand roles and	or the end of	and participation?
project.	responsibilities: to contribute appropriately on	each week or at	
p	a group member: to make connections with	each identified	
Planning to be revised and checked out	a group member, to make connections with	progress point	
throughout Technological Practice	in the group: to understand that the success	indicated on initial	Unit progress:
Koy decisions should be noted using individually	and ar failure of the outcome will effect	plan	delivering the unit –
chosen planning tools	and/ or failure of the outcome will affect		how is it going?
	Component of Technology	Using annotated	Creating a supportive
	component of rechnology	photographs -	learning environment

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.techlink.org.nz/Cas
Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox	Materials produ

Market ResearCn       Principles       Converting to learn:       Converting to		<ul> <li>Planning for practice - class planning with opportunities to use a variety of planning tools to manage resources and to reflect and revise for ongoing planning at key progress points.</li> <li>Planning for practice: <ul> <li>As a class, select and use planning tools to identify and record key stages, actions to be undertaken, determine progress review points, and manage resources.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	what is happening in the photo, what did we learn from this, what will we do now?Learning Losing s interest? student l left?Templates for planning / reflective journals.Teacher of indi student left?Planning tools ideas created by Individual students.Using th and skills "stored a for future within str and beyo work."Cockia Time"Corriginal Corriginal	e enquiry: tudent Overloading earning? Time robservations ividual nts within ritve learning oment: to learn: e knowledge s which can be as a toolbox" e application udent practice ond this unit of ment Strategy evidence
Technology Learning Area       Context Specific Skill/Knowledge       Negotiated Outcomes         Principles       Technological Practice (CoT)       Assessment Strategies         Key Competencies       Technological Knowledge (CoT)       Literacy Strategies         Values       Nature of Technology (CoT)       Extension Activities (G&T)	Activities should be planned within initial planning These will depend on the selected opportunity to be addressed. Market research could include the examination of existing products to gain information on such things as; attributes, size, colour, shape, ingredients used packaging, nutritional information, labelling, price per unit. Suggested class/group activities could include: • Carry out a CMP on range of Cookie Time Cookies products – e.g. Gluten free Cookie, Smart Cookie, Rookie Cookie and Big Cookie from Cookie Time.	<ul> <li>Principles         <ul> <li>Learning to learn:</li> <li>Introducing knowledge and skills which can be "stored as a toolbox" for future application within student practice and beyond this unit of work.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Key Competencies         <ul> <li>Participating and contributing:</li> <li>To contribute appropriately as a group member; to make connections with others and to create opportunities for others in the group;</li> </ul> </li> <li>Context specific skill/ knowledge         <ul> <li>Develop technological knowledge, skills</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Cookle TimeCarly duproductsResearcDisassembly ofbiscuit pfood productsDevelopdoc.Toolbox'disassembly of aToolbox'food product doc.and carrproductdoc.Comparing CMP.Gain andoc.of the phand funcbiscuits testing.doc.relationsdoc.testing.doc.relationstestingthe two.	<ul> <li>Comment: Market Research:</li> <li>One of the Big 3 in Food Technology. The teacher wanted to ensure students learnt about what activities might occur within this key stage.</li> <li>knowledge s related to bod Technology in setting up ying out and sensory</li> <li>understanding hysical nature of and identify the ship between</li> </ul>
Principles       Technological Practice (CoT)       Assessment Strategies         Key Competencies       Technological Knowledge (CoT)       Literacy Strategies         Values       Nature of Technology (CoT)       Extension Activities (G&T)	Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	egotiated Outcomes	
Values Nature of Technology (CoT) Extension Activities (G&T)	Principies	Technological Practice (CoT)	sessment Strategies	
	Ney competencies		CIACY SUBLEYIES	

The Food Technology Toolbox

Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes

Values

Effective Pedagogy

<ul> <li>Carry out a disassembly test on each product – related to chocolate chunks per biscuit, texture of biscuit – crumb feel, identification of ingredients within biscuit – e.g. sugar.</li> <li>Carry out a sensory evaluation.</li> <li>Carry out an attribute test on each product.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and understandings related to technological practice from analysing existing technological practice and products.</li> <li>Develop knowledge and skills in testing methods to establish and test desirable attributes - product analysis, sensory and storage and product testing.</li> </ul>	Sensory descriptors doc. sensory tests - variety.doc. Sensory Attributes Testing	Describe the attributes of existing products in relation to in the chocolate chip cookie range to develop desirable attributes for the class outcome.	
<ul> <li>Identify what attributes are common to all.</li> <li>Make up an attributes test for the four products to identify where each cookie product fits along the continuum line for each attribute.</li> <li>Within class/group discussions consider whether Cookie Time has been successful in developing cookie products with similar or same attributes they developed for the original "Big Cookie".</li> <li>Colour Testing <ul> <li>Match the biscuit product to the most similar colour on the chart.</li> <li>Take a photo of each with a label identifying the product being tested.</li> <li>Evaluate which product best meets "In Specification". Is it the same product the focus group liked the best for its appearance?</li> </ul> </li> <li>If this is beyond budget limitations consider other biscuit products in the chocolate chip range or products related to the opportunity the class has selected to address.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Components of Technology</li> <li>Technological products - investigate and analyse existing biscuit products to develop understanding that in selecting ingredients performance properties must align with the desired performance specifications for that product.</li> <li>(Developing skills and knowledge of testing procedures)</li> <li>Technological modelling - use of testing procedures and prototyping for ongoing refinement of biscuit outcome and to ensure its suitability for multi unit production</li> <li>Planning for practice - class planning with opportunities to use a variety of planning tools to manage resonance and to refine to and revise for</li> </ul>	doc. Product Colour Testing chart - Develop a colour test chart using paint chart samples to show in specification and out of specification related to colour - light to dark. Labels Digital Camera For more information related to colour testing see Toolbox support material Provide photos of activity from Digital Camera	Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence to show individual reviewing and reflection using planning tools.	
Encourage students to record how Market Research went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.	manage resources and to reflect and revise for ongoing planning at key progress points.			
Consumer Research Activities should be planned within initial planning These will depend on the selected opportunity to	<ul> <li>Principles Learning to learn:</li> <li>Introducing knowledge and skills which can be "stored as a toolbox" for future application within student practice and beyond this unit of work.</li> </ul>	Cookie Time products <b>AND / OR</b> Varieties of commercially	Who will be the Dia stakeholders for consultation and war feedback? Decided b act class or teacher or selected opportunity?	ana 1/9/09 5:54 PM mment: Consumer Research: e of the Big 3 in Food Technology. The teacher nted to ensure students learnt about what ivities might occur within this key stage.

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
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be addressed. Authentic key stakeholders from the identified opportunity to address or people for whom the product will be targeted at (within the school environment) could be used to gather information related to the desirable attributes for the outcome. Other options are to use the class as the focus group –perhaps mix up the groups so students will have to work with others – appoint a focus group leader to direct the discussions? Suggested class/group activities could include:	<ul> <li>Encouraging planning and reflection within the class's technological practice within a supportive learning environment.</li> <li>Inclusion:         <ul> <li>Students feel included and valued in their individual participation within the group and class environments for a common goal.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Key Competencies Participating and contributing: Give students the opportunity to feel part of a common goal; to understand roles and responsibilities; to contribute appropriately as a</li> </ul>	made packets of chocolate chippie biscuits <u>Sensory</u> <u>descriptors doc.</u> For describing words for sensory attributes. <u>Sensory</u> <u>attributes chart</u>	Develop knowledge and skills related to the "Food Technology Toolbox" in surveying and gathering useful information from focus group discussions and key stakeholders. Carry out Consumer Research with key stakeholders and focus groups.
For focus group discussion and sensory testing. Comparison Cookie Time cookies OR other	group member; to make connections with others and to create opportunities for others in the group; to understand that the success and/ or failure of the outcome will affect everyone	doc. sensory tests - variety.doc.	Will promotion, packaging and labelling
<ul> <li>Chocolate chippie biscuits products OR a mixture of BOTH –</li> <li>Other brands may include Griffins, Budget, Farmhouse, and/or brands that make a big cookie product.</li> <li>Within groups discuss the look of the products,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Values</li> <li>Community and participation for the common good:</li> <li>The whole class should to be involved and feel part of the process and have ownership of the final outcome.</li> </ul>	Plates Glasses of water for each person Digital Camera	be addressed?
<ul> <li>packaging and labelling, taste the products, - take photos as you carry out the session.</li> <li>Use a <i>selection</i> of sensory test methods to give students experience carrying out sensory testing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Involving students being responsible, accountable and act ethically within group/s and class activities; and within the stakeholder/ market environment.</li> <li>Context specific knowledge and skills</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>These are informal discussions, but have focused questions available for each group, e.g. Which packaging appeals the most? What labelling informs you the best? What biscuit product do you like the look of? What product smells the best?</li> <li>What product has the nicest mouth feel texture? What product tastes the best?</li> <li>What are the desired attributes you like in a chocolate chippie biscuit? Which best fits your ideal? What biscuit type and attributes do you want to address the opportunity?</li> <li>If you have been able to use authentic key stakeholders or target market stakeholders for this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop knowledge and skills in testing methods to establish and test desirable attributes - product analysis, sensory and storage and product testing.</li> <li>Develop knowledge and skills in authentic stakeholder consultation, focus group discussions and feedback analysis.</li> <li>Components of Technology</li> <li>Technological modelling - use of testing procedures and prototyping for ongoing refinement of biscuit outcome and to ensure its suitability for multi unit production.</li> </ul>	Develop a response sheet for focus group question lead- ins	What strategies should be considered in the event of class/group dynamics breaking down to the detriment of the students and the unit?

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
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Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox	M

<ul> <li>activity gain feedback on what attributes and type of biscuit they would like for the biscuit outcome to address the opportunity. Or use class to identify these.</li> <li>Class discussion wrap-up of the focus group activity for feed back analysis</li> <li>What did you find out from your focus group activity in relation to existing biscuit products?</li> <li>What type of biscuit do they want?</li> <li>What desirable attributes are required for our outcome?</li> <li>Encourage students to record how Consumer Research went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Aim: To get information on consumer consensus and product composition.</li> <li>Key Competencies Relating to others: <ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to work effectively together to develop a quality marketable outcome.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Planning for practice - class planning with opportunities to use a variety of planning tools to manage resources and to reflect and revise for ongoing planning at key progress points.</li> </ul>	Provide photos of activity from Digital Camera	Assessment Strategies focusing on Learning Links: Teacher observations of individual students within a supportive learning environment: Community and participation for the common good: Integrity: Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence to show individual reviewing and reflection using planning tools.
Brief Development	Components of Technology		<ul> <li>Develop, from this research.</li> </ul>
As a class write a conceptual statement to address the opportunity. Brief has a Conceptual Statement that "Identifies the target market and purpose of the product (i.e. for school events)." As a class: Scaffolding for learning activity:	<ul> <li>Brief development - develop a class description of the biscuit outcome, including a need or opportunity to address, a conceptual statement, and key attributes defined into performance specifications that reflect authentic stakeholder feedback.</li> <li>As a class, establish a conceptual statement that justifies the nature of the biscuit outcome and why the biscuit outcome should be developed.</li> </ul>	Folio evidence or class activity work for reference material.	specifications which may include possible physical and functional nature options for the intended outcome to address the identified opportunity.
Use the information about one of the Cookie Time products e.g. Gluten free cookie; to develop specifications from the identified attributes and sensory evaluation and product tests e.g. Colour test. This is to give students guidance on how to write specifications to describe a product. Include: product's appearance including size, shape, colour, size of chocolate chunks-	<ul> <li>Ney competencies</li> <li>Using language symbols and text: (using literacy strategies)</li> <li>To encourage reading as a means to gain knowledge and skills this with understanding can be used to enhance student practice.</li> <li>Pedagogy</li> <li>Creating a supportive learning environment:</li> <li>Students learn best when they feel accepted and when they are able to be active, visible members of the learning community.</li> </ul>		What type of biscuit will be the class focus to develop for multi- unit batch production? Will promotion, packaging and labelling

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distribution of these, number of chunk; smell; texture – mouth feel and hand feel, taste. Packaging and labelling if this will be considered in final outcome. <u>Individual activity:</u> Students to write specifications for the biscuit outcome using the information gathered from the feedback analysis on attributes required for the biscuit outcome – remind students that these can be general at first and can be refine later as we develop the outcome through prototyping and functional modelling. Specifications <i>may include</i> <i>possible physical and functional nature options</i>	<ul> <li>Brief Development</li> <li>Establish the specifications for a biscuit outcome based on the nature of the outcome required to address the need or opportunity, and informed by key stakeholder considerations.</li> <li>Specifications can be measured and allow evaluation of final prototype or product. Brief will be revised throughout Technological Practice when and if necessary through ongoing consultation with representative key stakeholders (Focus Group).</li> </ul>		be addressed? Unit progress: delivering the unit how is it going? Creating a supportiv learning environmer Learning environmer Learning student interest? Overloadin student learning? Ti left? Assessment Strate Portfolio evidence of class identified opportunity and fina conceptual statemen with individually detailed specifications provided within developed brief, including possible ohysical and functio nature options for th biscuit outcome.	et gme gy f vt
Conceptual Development – functional modelling Review and trial existing recipes. Carry out the making and trialling of existing recipes in pairs/groups then perform a sensory attributes test on each sample in comparison to the class desirable attributes Recipes used will depend on developed conceptual statement and desirable attributes developed from stakeholder feedback.	<ul> <li>Key Competencies Relating to others: <ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to work <ul> <li>effectively together to develop a quality</li> <li>marketable outcome.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Using language symbols and text: (using <ul> <li>literacy strategies)</li> <li>Give students the opportunity to confidently</li> <li>read and interpret recipes to develop quality</li> <li>outcomes.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Values <ul> <li>Community and participation for the common good:</li> </ul></li></ul></li></ul>	Equipment for biscuit making including mixing bowls, flat baking sheets, baking paper, hand-held electric beaters, airtight storage containers Ingredients for biscuit making – consider bulk buying from local foods wholesaler	Should students sou recipes independent from home and othe available resources e.g. library, internet? Or will these be don by the teacher? <b>Unit progress:</b> <b>delivering the unit</b> <b>how is it going?</b> Creating a supportiv learning environment Learning enquiry:	e t
Technology Learning Area       Image: Completencies         Principles       Image: Completencies         Key Competencies       Image: Completencies         Values       Image: Completencies         Effective Pedagogy       Image: Completencies	Context Specific Skill/KnowledgeNewTechnological Practice (CoT)AssTechnological Knowledge (CoT)LiteNature of Technology (CoT)ExtPredetermined Specific Learning OutcomesThe	gotiated Outcomes essment Strategies racy Strategies ension Activities (G&T) e Food Technology Toolbo	w	ww.techlink.org.nz/Case-studies/Classroom-practice/archive/big-bikkie Materials produced for Techlink by Diana Eagle Page 39/30

Suggested practicals could include:	<ul> <li>The whole class should to be involved and feel part of the process and have ownership of the final outcome.</li> <li>Integrity:</li> </ul>	e.g. chocolate chips Chocolate chip	Losing student interest? Overloading student learning? Time
<ul> <li>Variety of chocolate chippie biscuit recipes;</li> <li>Toll house cookies;</li> <li>Brownies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Involving students being responsible, accountable and act ethically within group/s and class activities;</li> <li>Excellence:</li> </ul>	cookies doc.	
Samples kept: sealed in airtight containers for each recipe batch, labelled and stored securely for testing next lesson.	To encourage students to aim high and to persevere in the face of difficulties in developing a quality outcome fit for purpose.	recipe/books Internet access for recipe research	Demonstrate an understanding of the safe use of equipment, hygienic handling of
Samples of each given out to each of the groups for testing attributes comparing to desirable attributes sought.	<ul> <li>Context specific knowledge and skills</li> <li>Develop knowledge and skills in recipe formulation for functional modelling and prototyping related to biscuit making.</li> <li>Develop safe, hygienic, ethical practices</li> </ul>		ingredients and test samples and ethical practices in food production to meet codes of practice.
Sensory Attribute Tests done in class groups. Samples kept for product testing such as Colour	in developing a biscuit outcome. Fo <mark>od Technology Tool</mark> box		Develop skills biscuit making.
Develop skills in biscuit making in particular: • Creaming; • Measuring; • Ball forming; • Uniform sizing.	<ul> <li>Build cooking skills - making and shaping biscuits</li> <li>Formulating Techniques</li> <li>Simple recipe changes driven by refined specifications of developed brief related to ingredients/ process – for multi-unit batch production for a biscuit outcome</li> </ul>		Demonstrate knowledge and skills from the "Food Technology Toolbox" in setting up and carrying out product and
4-5 recipes selected with evaluating notes on suitability related to brief.	<ul> <li>Understand processing steps required to make common food products e.g. sieving, beating, creaming, baking (basic cooking</li> </ul>		sensory testing. Assessment
Class decide on 2-3 recipes that best suit the brief.	terminology) <ul> <li>Basic properties of food introduced within practical tasks</li> <li>discussion around these – physical nature</li> </ul>		on Learning Links: Teacher observations of individual students
Trial these 2-3 recipes again	and functional nature of biscuits		a supportive learning
Samples Kept: sealed in airtight containers for each recipe batch, labelled and stored securely for testing next lesson.	<ul> <li>Current ethical issues – ethics in relation to multi-unit production and selling a biscuit product in the school environment</li> </ul>		Using language symbols and text: Community and
Samples of each given out to each of the groups for testing attributes comparing to desirable attributes sought.	<ul> <li>Food Safety</li> <li>Basic Personal Hygiene and Food Handling practices reinforced</li> <li>Simple storage testing</li> </ul>		common good: Integrity: Learning to learn:

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Class discussion as to which best meets the desirable attributes to address the opportunity and why. Present samples to key stakeholders with class' recommendations and reasons why for final decision on their ideal recipe to address the opportunity. Brief specifications can be revised if necessary after the final decision has been made.	<ul> <li>Simple attribute testing – related to key desirable attributes         Instrumental Testing         Colour     </li> <li>Colour</li> <li>Components of Technology     Technological modelling:         <ul> <li>As a class, discuss examples of prototyping used to explain how evidence gathered provided justification for evaluating a technological outcome as fit for purpose or in need of refinement.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Outcome development and evaluation - develop a marketable biscuit prototype through idea generation, modelling, stakeholder feedback, and use the information gained to select and develop the biscuit outcome that best addresses the specifications.</li> <li>Outcome development and evaluation:         <ul> <li>As a class, undertake functional modelling to develop biscuit recipe ideas into a conceptual design for a biscuit that addresses the specifications.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Brief development - develop a class description of the biscuit outcome, including a need or opportunity to address, a conceptual statement, and key attributes defined into performance specifications that reflect authentic stakeholder feedback.</li> <li>Planning for practice - class planning with opportunities to use a variety of planning tools to manage resources and to reflect and revise for ongoing planning at key progress points.</li> </ul>		Teacher conversations with class / group / individual To encourage: Excellence: Observations made and comments given to class and individuals to encourage improvement in skills Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence to show individual reviewing and reflection using planning tools.	Diana 1/9/09 5:54 PM  Comment: Technology Research: One of the Big 3 in Food Technology. The teacher vanted to ensure students learnt about what activities might accur within this teve stage
Technology Research	Principles	Video: "Biscuit	Develop knowledge	activities might occur within this key stage. The teacher decided that the best place to do this
Watch the video "Biscuit making" -Mass Production of Food – "Arnott's" Biscuits.	<ul> <li>Learning to learn:</li> <li>Introducing knowledge and skills which can</li> </ul>	making" -Mass Production of Food –"Arnott's"	and skills from the "Food Technology Toolbox" and	key stage was just before the development of the outcome for multi-unit production as most of the learning activities are related to Technological systems. Other units of work may have this nearer to the other Big 3 parts -after Planning for practice.
Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge Neg	otiated Outcomes		

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
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The class may need to watch it several times to get all the information.	be "stored as a toolbox" for future application within student practice and beyond this unit of work.	Biscuits.	Component of Technological Systems within of: HACCP, batch
Suggested activities: Individual or group work	Key CompetenciesUsing language symbols and text: (using literacy strategies) Introduce students to the use of flow		production, flow sheeting, the role of properties (inputs
<ul> <li>Identify the stages of production</li> <li>Identify the inputs needed for each stage.</li> <li>Identify the outputs desired at each stage.</li> <li>Identify the control points needed – e.g. time</li> </ul>	sheeting in developing a system for a multi- unit batch production process for a biscuit outcome.		and outputs) in subsetting; and control requirements in a production
temperature, testing.	Context specific knowledge and skills     Develop knowledge, skills and	HWT - Flow	batch production.
sheet on ice cream flow process to gain understanding of a flow process.	production processes for food production.	(for ice cream)	Assessment Strategies focusing
Using the information identified from the video students are to develop a flow chart similar to the chocolate chippie production flow for this information. This should include control points.	Food Technology Toolbox Manufacturing Processes • Exposure to real industry production processes e.g. video/ in relation to biscuit making	Chocolate chippies production flow control points doc.	on Learning Links: Teacher observations of individual students within a supportive learning environment:
Use supporting resources to give students the opportunity to gain some understanding of food legislation and ethics which will impact on control points for ford manufacturing.	Develop a detailed block diagram with control points     Understand processing steps required	Develop a literacy resource to support	Using language symbols and text: Community and participation for the
Use supporting resources to give students the opportunity to gain some understanding of HACCP which will impact on control points for food manufacturing.	<ul> <li>Technological systems - to understand that control mechanisms can work in ways to enhance the fitness for purpose of technological systems by maximising the desired outputs and minimising the</li> </ul>	food food legislation.doc And code of ethics.doc	Integrity: Learning to learn:
Class discussion Identify the differences between homemade and multi-unit batch production to evaluate the importance of sameness of product related to such things as: creaming thoroughness, colour, size, uniformity, ingredient evenness (e.g. chocolate chips ratio per biscuit) when attempting multi-unit batch production within the class	<ul> <li>undesirable outputs. Also to understand that interfaces between subsystems have an important role in enabling the technological system to work effectively as a whole.</li> <li>Technological systems:</li> <li>Explain how processes are controlled to enable the inputs to be transformed to outputs.</li> <li>As a class, describe examples to illustrate how a technological system's fitness for purpose was enhanced by the use of control</li> </ul>	HACCP for food lab.doc HWT - HACCP for Ice cream.doc	between homemade and multi-unit batch production to evaluate the importance of sameness of product related to such things as: creaming thoroughness, colour, size, uniformity, ingredient evenness (e.g. chocolate chips

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environment.	mechanisms.	ratio per biscuit) when
Individual student activity	• As a class or in groups, identify subsystems	attempting multi-unit
	within technological systems and explain	batch production within
Using knowledge and skills students are to	their properties.	the class environment.
develop their own flow process for multi-unit batch	Key Competencies	Demonstrate
production of the final recipe for trialling.	Relating to others:	knowledge and skills in
	<ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to work</li> </ul>	developing a
Suggested Peer assessment activity	effectively together to develop a quality	production process to
	marketable outcome.	allow multi-unit batch
These flow processes could be checked by	<ul> <li>Introduce students to the use of flow</li> </ul>	production of biscuits
peer assessment for omissions and or	sheeting in developing a system for a multi-	to occur within the
corrections to develop a flow process that the	unit batch production process for a biscuit	classroom
whole class can agree on.	outcome.	environment.
	Participating and contributing:	
<ul> <li>Each groups chose the one that best reflects a</li> </ul>	• Give students the opportunity to feel part of a	Assessment Strategy
good flow process for multi-unit batch	common goal; to contribute appropriately as	Individual/pair process
production.	a group member; to make connections with	flow developed
	others and to create opportunities for others	
I he teacher could decide which one is used	in the group; to understand that the success	
for the final process.	and/ or failure of the outcome will affect	A
	everyone involved.	Assessment Strategies for susing
		Strategies focusing
	Components of Technology	on Learning Links:
	Planning for practice - class planning with	Peer and self
Encourage students to record how Technology	opportunities to use a variety of planning tools to	assessment related to
Research went Write evaluative comments	manage resources and to reflect and revise for	how students:
about what they learnt from doing this activity	ongoing planning at key progress points.	Relate to others:
about mat they fourne from doing this dolivity.		Participation and
		contribution:
		Creating a supportive
		learning environment:
		Assessment Strategy
		Portfolio evidence

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Effective Pedagogy	Predetermined Specific Learning Outcomes	The Food Technology Toolbox	

Prototype Development		Equipment for	
Purchase Test - To see if product is consumer suitable to evaluate against brief.	<ul> <li>Principles</li> <li>Inclusion:</li> <li>Students feel included and valued in their individual participation within the group and</li> </ul>	biscuit making including mixing bowls, flat baking sheets, baking paper, hand-held	<ul> <li>Trial a developed production process in multi-unit batch production to deliver a quality assured</li> </ul>
Each group makes a batch of biscuits according to developed flow process which may include colour tests, ingredient, time, temperature checks. It may be important to do this more than once to get the multi- unit batch production process as correct as possible. Brief specifications can be revised if necessary after the final decision has been made. Encourage students to record how Prototype Development went. Write evaluative comments about what they learnt from doing this activity.	<ul> <li>class environments for a common goal.</li> <li>Key Competencies Relating to others: <ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to work effectively together to develop a quality marketable outcome. </li> <li>Using language symbols and text <ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to confidently read and interpret recipes to develop quality outcomes. Introduce students to the use of flow sheeting in developing a system for a multi-unit batch production process for a biscuit outcome.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Participating and contributing: <ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to feel part of a</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	electric beaters, airtight storage containers Ingredients for biscuit making – consider bulk buying from local foods wholesaler e.g. chocolate chips Final recipe and multi-unit batch production process	<ul> <li>Understanding of the safe use of equipment, hygienic handling of ingredients and test samples and ethical practices in food production to meet codes of practice.</li> <li>Who will take on which roles in the multi-unit batch</li> </ul>
	common goal; to understand roles and responsibilities; to contribute appropriately as a group member; to understand that the success and/ or failure of the outcome will affect everyone involved.		production? Assessment Strategies focusing on Learning Links:
	<ul> <li>Community and participation for the common good:</li> <li>The whole class should to be involved and feel part of the process and have ownership of the final outcome.</li> <li>Integrity:</li> </ul>		Teacher conversations with class/group/individual To encourage: Excellence:
	<ul> <li>Involving students being responsible, accountable and act ethically within group/s and class activities; during the manufacturing process; and within the stakeholder/ market environment.</li> <li>Excellence:</li> <li>To encourage students to aim high and to persevere in the face of difficulties in developing a quality outcome fit for purpose.</li> </ul>		

Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge	Negotiated Outcomes	
Principles	Technological Practice (CoT)	Assessment Strategies	
Key Competencies	Technological Knowledge (CoT)	Literacy Strategies	
Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)	Extension Activities (G&T)	www.techlink.org.nz/Case-st
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Pre	sentation of Final Prototype				Do our stakeho	blders
Class Desig suita grou writte gain	s activity gn questions suitable for <b>survey</b> to test bility of prototype. – to target market /focus os/key stakeholders . Survey should be en in a simple way with clear questions to information.	<ul> <li>Context specific knowledge and skills</li> <li>Develop, test and carry out a multiplatch production process for a bis outcome to ensure quality assurant same quality product every time.</li> <li>Work together as a class to develop product which is of a marketable q through multi-unit batch production.</li> </ul>	-unit cuit ice – p a juality	Develop a survey to suit purchase test questions	wish us to confi with multi-unit I manufacture to the opportunity Can we manuf- and market our developed proc	batch b meet ?? acture r duct? hent the it bin
Stud biscu Gath	Whether people would buy the cookie; What much would they be prepared to pay for the cookie? ents to carry out surveys using sample its made in multi-unit batch production trial. er in survey and analyse them in class.	<ul> <li>Outcome development and evaluation develop a marketable biscuit prototyp through idea generation, modelling, stakeholder feedback, and use the information gained to select and deve the biscuit outcome that best addre the specifications.</li> <li>Outcome development and evaluation:</li> <li>As a class, produce and trial a biscuit prototype of the outcome.</li> </ul>	n - e elop esses	5	Will promotion, packaging and be addressed? will do this? Can/should/do need to carry of analysis? Is it profitable for	labelling Who we but a cost
Encc Final about	Usion Time biscuit outcome ready for mercialization i.e. ready to be made for a bol event? urage students to record how Presentation of Prototype went. Write evaluative comments t what they learnt from doing this activity.	Technological systems - to understand control mechanisms can work in ways enhance the fitness for purpose of technological systems by maximising desired outputs and minimising the undesirable outputs. Also to understa that interfaces between subsystems ha important role in enabling the technolo system to work effectively as a whole. Planning for practice - class planning with opportunities to use a variety of planning manage resources and to reflect and revis ongoing planning at key progress points.	d that to the ave a ogica tools se for	t r	fundraising? Assessment S Portfolio evider	Diana 1/9/09 5:55 PM Comment: At this point within this unit, Negotiated Outcomes related to implementing the final product with marketing, packaging, labelling and selling in the intended environment would need to be seriously considered, in relation to: time left, effect on teaching programme, resources, such as budget required, and most importantly whole class willingness to continue. Strategy nce
Eva brie <u>Class</u> Class	Iuation of Trialled Prototype to f: s discussion s and group discussions to develop	<ul> <li>Principles Learning to learn: <ul> <li>Encouraging planning and reflection w the class's technological practice with supportive learning environment. </li> <li>Key Competencies Relating to others:</li></ul></li></ul>	vithin in a		Provide an evaluation to compliance an deficits of the prototype aga specifications	state nd biscuit inst and
	Technology Learning Area	Context Specific Skill/Knowledge Technological Practice (CoT)		Negotiated Outcomes Assessment Strategies		
	Values	Nature of Technology (CoT)		Extension Activities (G&T)		www.techlink.org.nz/Case-studies/Classroom-practice/archive/big-bikkie
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<ul> <li>evaluative statements related:</li> <li>1. To measure against how issue is solved, opportunities met;</li> <li>2. To measure against specifications to evaluate its fitness for purpose;</li> <li>3. To comment on viability of production of to address opportunity;</li> <li>4. To the future of the product.</li> </ul> Encourage students to record an individual evaluation to the brief. Write evaluative	<ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to work effectively together to develop a quality marketable outcome.</li> <li>Participating and contributing:</li> <li>Give students the opportunity to feel part of a common goal; to understand that the success and/ or failure of the outcome will affect everyone involved.</li> <li>Values</li> <li>Community and participation for the common good:</li> <li>The whole class should to be involved and feel part of the process and have ownership of the final outcome.</li> <li>Components of Technology</li> <li>Outcome development and evaluation</li> <li>Evaluate the fitness for purpose of the final biscuit outcome against the specifications.</li> <li>Planning for practice - class planning with opportunities to use a variety of planning tools to manage resources and to reflect and revise for ongoing planning at key progress points</li> </ul>	Develop a response sheet for groups to record evaluative comments against the specifications of the brief?	stakeholder and consumer feedback on its suitability with suggestions made to eliminate deficits. Assessment Strategies focusing on Learning Links: Peer and self assessment related to how students: Relate to others: Participation and contribution: Creating a supportive learning environment:
activity.			Assessment Strategy Portfolio evidence
So Where To From Here?	<ul> <li>Will we implement the final product within intended situation?</li> <li>Consideration for selling products – area, furniture, money collection, hygiene procedures –gloves, sanitiser, aprons?</li> <li>Values</li> <li>Community and participation for the common good:         <ul> <li>The whole class should to be involved and feel part of the process and have ownership of the final outcome.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Key Competencies Relating to others:         <ul> <li>Give students the opportunity to work</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Develop a unit assessment for	<ul> <li>Unit reflection:</li> <li>Creating a supportive learning environment:</li> <li>Did students feel accepted and able to be active, visible members of the learning community?</li> <li>Learning enquiry:</li> <li>What has happened as a result of the teaching and what are the implications for future teaching? Is there something I</li> </ul>
Get students to do a unit assessment.	effectively together to develop a quality marketable outcome.	students to fill out.	need to change? What are the next steps for learning?

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